Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

To Correspondents.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

New York, 30,000 Republican.

Lost—A big Democratic tidal wave.

Pennsylvania prefers a protective tariff to a half million dollar extra session.

The Philadelphia *Times* has been sued for libel by Sugger Smith of Reading.

The continued imprisonment of Mason, who made a target of Guiteau, is one of the disgraces of modern times.

Tilden and Hendricks constitute the Democrat's only hope, and the former, like Ben Butler, must be fed with a spoon.

The appetite of Massachusetts Republicans has returned and they are arranging for a big congratulatory dinner in Boston.

Mr. Henry Chaplin, a British statesman, is worried over the importation of American cattle, and is trying to put a stop to it.

The Democratic House has reconsidered its resolution to adjourn on the 5th of December and now we don't know when it will go.

Randall believes his prospects for the Speakership are improved. Carlisle and Cox, however believe that they are the favored ones. At least two of the trio are poor judges of the times.

The senior editor of the *Centre Democrat* renewed the vigor of his youth and the brilliancy of his literary work of years long past when he wrote that leader on the retirement of President Judge Jno. H. Orvis.

There isn't a great deal of patriotism in the action of the Pittsburg glass dealers in importing large quantities of foreign glass. However when patriotism and the pocket-book come in collision patriotism is usually relegated to second place,

It will be no show of economy but instead one of hypocracy if Governor Pattison vetoes the appropriation bill. He called the session and if there is to be a refusal to receive pay for labor not performed it will come with good grace from either senators or representatives, but not from the Governor. If he vetoes the bill it will be merely for effect,as he knows they will not hesitate to pass it over his veto. Be a man, Governor.

Pattison's session is going. A caucus of senators and members decided on Tuesday, the 13th,to officially bid good bye to Harrisburg on the 5th of December. The people would have been better pleased if they had resolved to adjourn next week, but they should be thankful to get rid of them even in December. The important work now will be to make arrangements to pull half a million of dollars out of the treasury, which will go for nought, and Pattison's special session will pass into history as the most worthless that ever sat in Harrisburg.

The New York *World* erects a pyramid of States for 1884, and figures out 250 electoral votes for the Democratic candidate. This is a nice rosy outlook, but unfortunately for the Democratic party the *World* has built its pyramid partly of Republican material. Ohio and New York with their 59 electoral votes, belong in the Republican column, where they will stand next fall. This will give the Republicans 210 electoral votes, more than enough to elect, and the Democrats will as usual "get left." Hope the *World* will excuse us for punching this hole through its pretty picture.

A Brighter Outlook.

The elections of Tuesday, the 6th, had such a salutary effect on the business of the country, that our business men have devoted themselves to an inquiry as to the cause. The New York *Tribune* gives what it believes to be the true reason for past distrust and present business prospects in the following pointed sentences: What has been the matter of late? We had enormous crops last year, and have this year all that we can use or sell. Why have men pinched in their buying as if seven lean years were to come? Labor has found full wages, and mills and mines have had demand for a larger out-put than had ever been known three years ago; why has enterprise halted as if paralyzed with fear? Money has gone begging in the street at 2 per cent on call; why have merchants of large means sought in vain for moderate loans? The bankers have answered that other causes of depression have been removed, but that public distrust alone remained. It has been so in the most sensitive of all markets. Men of strength and pluck have been glad to hold and to take securities after a great and long-continued decline, but they are the few. The many have lost heart as they have heard the yells of financial graybacks, whose aim was to tear down everything. Trade has been large; why has confidence been small? Distrust has ruled the hour. The bankers were right; nothing was wanting but confidence. But how could the country have confidence, when those who sought to break the Union seemed likely to have charge of the purse and of the sword, the Nation's bonds and its banks, the power to tax and the power to ruin by unwise laws?

When President Garfield was shot the land was full of hope. Labor was in great demand, no branch of industry was downcast, and in each continued gains like those of 1879 and 1880 were expected. Outward trade was rich in profit and bright with promise, and gold from across the sea filled our vaults. Roads of steel laid at the rate of a thousand miles per month brought within reach of markets in a single year lands on which 150,000,000 bushels of wheat could be grown. Strong and shrewd men were buying stocks, and looking for a rise. One pistol shot seemed to change everything. The fear of civil strife soon passed, but there came fear of fatal Republican discord. Once turned to doubt, the hearts of men gave out only dismal notes. All the ills and dangers were seen—that crops were short, that too many railroads might do harm, that some were unsound, that stores and mills had multiplied faster than buyers. Good crops, large earnings and heavy trade in 1882 did not dispel distrust. It is a fact that the worst depression has come, not from bad crops in 1881, but as a sequence of Democratic triumphs in 1882. Men dreaded the fall of the great party under which wealth had grown and labor prospered beyond all hope. The fear of bad legislation as to banks, home taxes and the tariff hung over all trade and industry. The thought that those who had never cared for the public faith might soon have full power shook confidence in every direction, and long-headed Democrats began to sell everything wildly, precisely because they looked for the success of their own party.

The scene has changed. Votes cast within the last thirty days show that the party of reaction is not as near success as it was in the spring of 1880. It holds by safe tenure not a single Northern State. Distrusted as much as ever for its known aims, detested more than ever for its shameless conduct, and torn by the greed of its factions, it has left not a man now visible who can be named for the Presidency with a fair outlook. The party of public faith and regard for labor is more united than it has been since 1868. One sees neither Grant nor anti-Grant, third-termers nor bosses, stalwarts nor half breeds, but only Republicans; who seek nothing at the South but a free vote and an honest count; who are divided no longer about the currency, the banks or the tariff; who have put down strife about the Civil Service by a law which the President is enforcing, and who are ready to seek by their nomination, not the success of any faction, but the triumph of their ideas and the safety of the country.

There is to be no trouble from legislation this winter. Those who have the upper hand in the House will not dare to strike at the public prosperity, and will give up every aim at present for a chance in the struggle next year. Through this and the next session, also trade and industry are made safe from bad laws by the fact that a united party is now ready to uphold a President's veto. These certainties, with the bright prospect that the elections next year may again save from harm the public credit and the welfare of industry justify a more hopeful view of the business situation than it has been possible to take for some years. Prices have been so depressed that recovery is natural. Trade has been weeded out by the failure of many unsound concerns. The evil of over production in some branches has been disclosed, and its discovery brings cure. Business is placed upon a safer basis by the intelligent discrimination which can now be made in loans and purchases. Confidence is what has been wanting, and the change in political prospects is the very thing that ought to revive confidence, both in the stability of wise laws and policies, and in the good sense and clear-headed fidelity of the American people.

Our Pyramid.

The *Watchman*, this week, published a pyramid of States as it imagines they will be arranged on the Republican and Democratic sides, respectively, when the election for President occurs. But the pyramid is so ill-shaped and erected with such slight regard for the rules of architecture that we feel impelled to try our hands upon it. A feather's-weight coming in contract with the *Watchman's* pyramid will knock it down. Not so with ours, however. It will endure all the battles of the ballots that will be waged. Look at it:

THE REPUBLICAN COLUMN.

OHIO,
IOWA,
MAINE,
OREGON,
KANSAS,
NEVADA,
INDIANA,
ILLINOIS,
VERMONT,
MICHIGAN,
COLORADO,
NEW YORK,
WISCONSIN,
NEBRASKA,
MINNESOTA,
CONNECTICUT,
CALIFORNIA,
RHODE ISLAND,
PENNSYLVANIA,
MASSACHUSETTS,
NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Twenty-one States with 239 Electoral votes. Necessary to a choice 201.

THE DEMOCRATIC COLUMN.

NORTH CAROLINA,
SOUTH CAROLINA,
WEST VIRGINIA,
NEW JERSEY,
TENNESSEE,
MARYLAND,
MISSISSIPPI,
DELAWARE,
KENTUCKY,
ARKANSAS,
LOUISIANA,
MISSOURI,
ALABAMA,
VIRGINIA,
GEORGIA,
FLORIDA,
TEXAS,

Seventeen States with 162 Electoral votes.

Any citizen who feels any doubt as to the attitude of our great national parties on the subject of the tariff can easily satisfy himself on the point by observing how intently the British free-traders go on calculating the chances for the triumph of the Democratic party in the great national struggle of 1884. The English interests never have any doubt on the subject of the tariff when the Democrats are in power.

Sarah Bernhardt has bought a farm and is making cheese.

The Opposing Powers.

The influences that have been at work in the spread of Free Trade in this country since its early history are outlined in the Harrisburg *Telegraph* as follows:

"As soon as the war of 1812 had freed us from the last vestige of the British claim to control over our destinies, and won the freedom of the seas, as a common highway for all nations, the intrigues of British capitalists, now rapidly accruing in power from the spoils of nations whose life-blood she was sapping as they became victims to her policy of making all she could control, her markets, while she aspired to become the workshop of the world, were directed to bring us into the same relations with her. Her agents and her wealth were strong enough to build up among us a free trade party, and sometimes by subsidizing the Democratic party while it was in power, to enforce her views upon us in reductions of our tariffs; but these reductions would be only temporary, for the distress they created caused revolt against them, and as soon as the people could be heard from protective tariffs would be demanded and again adopted. These periods of free trade depression and protected prosperity are clearly limned along the whole course of our growth up to the outbreak of our civil war. Was this policy of the father wise? Or was it foolish? Is it better that we should be the greatest people today on earth, with our destinies in our hands, free from adverse influences or interference, except as we may foolishly yield to foreign intrigue? Or would it have been better that we should have yielded to British blandishments, joined the company of commercial dependents upon the British policy, and to-day been what Spain, Portugal, etc., are now? We believe the fathers were right; and they having been right, we should continue to travel in the way they have indicated, which has made us what we are. Change the policy, as the free traders would have us do, and the land would be covered with the ruins of industrial establishments and the vast army of producers now actively working out our greatness yet to come, would be scattered over our vast territory, farmers without an adequate market, laborers without hopeful employ, and in fifty years we would be reduced to the condition of Spain, Portugal and Ireland.

That's Why.

In Ohio the temperance question was an issue this year and that fact gave it to the Democrats. That issue will not prevail in Ohio in 1884, and that's why the Republicans claim the electoral vote of the Buckeye State.

When we can secure Pennsylvania in an off year, she is certain for Republicanism in a National contest. That's why we claim the Keystone State in 1884.

In Massachusetts, after a fair trial of Democracy, the people repudiated it. That's why the Republicans claim the Bay State next year.

In New York State the Republicans were unmercifully walloped in '82. But they came up bravely; turned the head of the ticket and elected a majority in both branches of the legislature. Carr's majority was larger than any majority the successful Democrats received. If you average affairs to a slight extent in that big state it can fairly be said that Republicans are ahead. That's why we claim the Empire State in 1884.

In California the Chinese question will not be a disturbing element in politics in 1884. That's why we claim the Golden State next year.

Oregon and Nevada—well, they have often voted Republican and that's why we include them among the Republican states in '84. A wayfaring man, though a fool, need not err.

The Extra Session.

A few days ago the appropriation bill fixing the cost of Pattison's extra session was reported to the House of Representatives. It will pass and receive the approval of the Governor, or if he shall choose to veto it the bill will be passed even over the veto. The total of $415,206.23 is the cost of the Democratic House while that of the Republican Senate is more modest—only $121,740.50. The items are as follows:

Pay and mileage of senators	$94,449 00
Stationery for senate	500 00
Pay of officers and employes, including clerks	20,920 00
Mileage for officers	871 50
Pay of pages	1,820 00
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on *Record*	80 00
Contingent expenses senate	3,640 00
Indexing journal	60 00
Total	$121,740 50
Pay and mileage of members	$378,038 44
Stationery	2,029 00
Pay of mileage of officers	20,829 80
Pay of pages	1,638 60
Pay of chaplain	300 00
Postage on Record	100 00
Contingent expenses	5,450 00
Indexing journal	100 00
Legislative Record	6,560 00
Indexing *Record*	150 00
Total	$415,206 23

Included in the total charged to the house are the items of the *Legislative Record* and indexing same, amounting to $6,710, which are joint expenses. In addition the bill covers items of $11 for the sergeant-at-arms of the house for serving subpœnas and $30 for the same officer of the senate for similar services. The pay and milage items in the house include that for the new member from Franklin county sworn in on the 14th.

The moral sense of the world has been outraged by the barbarous persecution of the Jews in Europe, notably in Russia, Poland and some of the German provinces. That such a craze could have obtained a footing in any even half civilized country calling itself Christian in this nineteenth century, must stand as its crowning shame. But that the persecution in Germany should have been advised and practiced by the chaplain of the Emperor of Germany, Dr. Stocker, is almost beyond belief. Yet it is stated as true and not contradicted. Missionaries who will preach Christ, are sadly needed, not only among the atheistical societies of the Empire, but more so, if this story is true, in the halls of the Emperor, and the abiding place of his prime Minister. Such a thing is calculated to shock the thoughtful with a horrible sense of the thinness of the crust that covers our close contiguity to the most savage period of the dark ages. It appears, that after inexcusable delay, the Emperor and Bismarck at last silenced the savage priest, and then he proceeded to London, intending to preach his crusade there, but the Lord Mayor of that city padlocked his mouth without ceremony.

The Democrats snap and snarl and bite like Spitz dogs, since their recent defeat. They were so sure, so absolutely certain, that the disappointment has turned their blood into bile. They are only saved from stark madness by the defeat of Mahone, and it will not be long until they will think that event anything but a blessing in disguise. Dean Swit's advice to his cook contains a lesson which they may yet have to learn. The Virginia business looks very much as if it was overdone. They are already whining about the construction the North has put upon it, and they will whine louder and more cringingly before the next campaign closes. The North does not propose that the Presidential succession shall be settled over the dead bodies of the clored people of the South.

Senator Gordon says he don't care whether the Legislature continues is session or not. The reason for this indifference on his part is owing to his marriage the other day to Miss Kate L. Wolford of Alexandria, Va.

The trial of young Nutt for the *justifiable* killing of Dukes will occur in December. He should have been liberated from prison long ago.

GENERAL NOTES.

Two large wolves were killed in Essex Swamp, Conn., last week.

There are now but two surviving officers o the great sea fight of Trafalgar in 1805.

The English public has not taken the faintest interest in Lord Coleridge's American tour.

Within the last eighty years Congress has spent more than $100,000,000 on the city of Washington.

The works for building iron ships in San Francisco will be, it is said, the most extensive in the United States.

Some medical journals have announced the formation of the Drake Medical Society in Cincinnati, under the head line "More Quackery."

Professor Newton says the earth receives about 3,000,000,000 of meteors every year, but they only increase the size of the earth one inch in 100,000,000 years.

A doctor charged with malpractice has committed suicide in England. What renders the matter peculiarly melancholy is that the evidence seems to point to his innocence.

Sienawa, the splendid seat of Prince Czartoryski in Poland, has been burned down. Beneath its roof the late Prince in 1848 liberated his serfs. The damage is estimated at $600,000.

A recent French law makes revaccination incumbent upon every student received into the lyceums and colleges. Since the experiment was made at the Lycee Louis le Grand not a single case of variola or varioloid has appeared.

When a man's wife comes in and sees him with a razor and his face all lather, and asks him: "Are you shaving?" it's a provoking thing for him to answer, "No; I'm blacking the stove," but it is human nature to so reply.

It was a condition of the foot race, in Carson City, Nev., between Neil Clarke, of Carson, and Downie, the Truckee foot racer, that Downie should lie flat on his face and give Clarke fifteen feet start in a hundred yards. Nevertheless Downie won.

The funeral wreaths covering Tourgueneff's coffin were subject to import duty on crossing the Russian frontier, as the customs officers kept the coffin four days and rigidly scrutinized the wreaths, which they finally taxed to the amount of $10.

Dr. Ladell has discovered that prussic acid is an antidote to poisoning with stychnine. Medical men will be cautious in using it, however, as the prussic acid, to be of any use, must be given in doses which would be fatal under any other circumstances.

A young man near Abbeyville, Ala., contracted with a farmer to work for him a year for his daughter and a double-barreled shot gun. The contract has been faithfully performed, and now the young man is the happy possessor of the double prize.

The famous schooner Harriet Ross, one of the victorious fleet of Commodore Perry of Lake Erie, in 1812, still navigates the great lakes. She has been thoroughly overhauled several times, and the only portion of the original craft that is now left is the bottom.

Statistics show that every successive year the consumption of horse meat in France increases, the largest demand being in Paris. In some of the restaurants it is the foundation of many a soup and entree, and this alone goes to prove where ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise.

A so-called medium recently gave an exhibition in Denver of the way in which spirits untie knots in a rope. The audience sent the Mayor and Chief of Police to do the tying, and the man was so securely fastened that he gave up and was arrested for procuring money under false pretences.

New Haven's oystermen smile derisively at the rumor of a New York and Chicago syndicate's forming to monopolize the the oyster trade, and as to electricity's killing the star fish that are destroying oysters in the Sound the dealers say that an electric shock that would kill the fish would kill the oyster.

The official returns show that the healthiest class of people in Great Britain are the inmates of prisons, where simple diet, regular hours, and exercise are compulsory. But the cases of insanity among the convicts are out of proportion to the number of other ailments. To commit a crime a man must be more or less mad.

All the women smoke in Spain. In Italy the like habit is general; in Germany, Austria, and other parts of the continent it is the fashion to smoke cigars. In Turkey every female has her hookah, narghileh, and chibouque. There is less lung disease in Turkey than in any other country and the women retain their teeth longer.

The little town of Mary Ann, Arkansas, is all torn up over a struggle about the name of the place. A number of the residents have applied to have the town re-incorporated and called "Marianna," while the old settlers object and say, in their paper, that "if the dudes don't feel satisfied with Mary Ann they can get up and git."

Swallow-tail Point Lighthouse near Toronto, Ont., was named in a unique way. At a banquet given by some citizens during its erection, to Mr. Kent, who was to be its keeper, no one but the latter appeared in full dress. Thereafter he was called "Swallow-tail Kent," and when he took up his residence in the tower the name went with him.

Two young ladies, the Misses Phelps, went to Fargo from their claims in Dickey county, D. T., a few days ago. They went to the Territory three years ago without any means, and by their unaided efforts, trading in city lots and getting claims, they are now worth more than $12,000 each, and will no doubt, more than double that in the next three years.

In Normandy the small boy hasn't such a monopoly of the kite-flying business as he has in this country. The stout adult peasants spend their holidays in kite-flying, and become quite proficient. At a recent competition one man let out a string some 2,600 yards, another 1,600, while the third was unfortunate enough to have a string too slender to stand the strain, and it broke at 1,000 yards.

Poetry.

THE MOTTO IN A WEDDING RING.

A lover gave the wedding ring
  Into the goldsmith's hand,
"Give me," he said, "a tender thought
  Within this golden band."
    The goldsmith graved
    Graved with tender art:
    "Till death us part."

The wedding bells rang gladly out,
  The husband said: "Oh wife,
Together we will share the grief,
  The happiness of life.
    I give to thee
    My hand, my heart,
    Till death us part."

'Twas she that lifted now his hand
  (O love, that this should be!)
Then on it placed the golden band,
  And whispered, tenderly:
    "Till Death us join,
    Lo, thou art mine
    And I am thine."

"And when Death joins we never more
  Shall know an aching heart;
The bridal of that better love
  Death has no power to part.
    The troth will be
    For thee and me
    Eternity."

So up the hill and down the hill
  Through fifty changing years,
They shared each other's happiness,
  They dried each other's tears.
    Alas! alas!
    That Death's cold dart
    Such love can part.

But one sad day she stood alone
  Beside his narrow bed;
She drew the ring from off her hand
  And to the goldsmith said:
    "O, man, who graved
    With careful art,
    'Till Death us part.'

"Now grave four other words for me
  'Till Death us join.'" He took
The precious golden band once more,
  With solemn, wistful look,
    And wrought with care,
    For love, not coin:
    "Till Death us join."

THIS SWEET LOVE OF MINE.

No jeweled beauty is my love,
  Yet in her earnest face
There's such a world of tenderness,
  She needs no other grace.
Her smiles and voice around my life
  In light and music twine,
And dear, oh, very dear to me
  Is this sweet love of mine!

Oh, joy: to know there's one fond heart
  Beats ever true to me;
It sets mine leaping like a lyre,
  In sweetest melody;
My soul upsprings, a Deity!
  To hear her voice divine,
And dear, oh, very dear to me
  Is this sweet love of mine!

If ever I have sighed for wealth,
  'Twas all for her I trow;
And if I win Fame's victor wreath,
  I'll twine it on her brow.
There may be forms more beautiful,
  And souls of sunnier shine,
But none, oh, none so near to me,
  As this sweet love of mine!

Our Story Teller.

The Hermit of the Hill.

"Emilie, I came to say my last good by to you and not to hear these useless denials."

"Oh, Bernard, if only you would believe me—the one you should believe—all would be right. I have been true to you as the Rhine to her course. Oh, believe me, Bernard, for I love only you!"

"I have sufficient proof to convince me. You well know I am not a man to be trifled with."

"What proof have you? There is no proof that I have been false to you. Oh, what a reward for my constant and expectant heart!"

"There is my proof!" cried the young man, thrawing down a packet of half a dozen letters. "Those letters will explain it. And when you read them ponder over the wrong you have done. They came to me from as unknown friend, and they told of your love for Francis Huber. They told me what I was not here to see. And all the time your letters came to me as tender and as loving as you were to him, while I was praying for my true love, away off in Austria!"

"Oh, Bernard, I pray you believe me! I have never seen Francis Huber as I have seen you. No one has ever been my lover but you, dearest Bernard. Those letters are false. I never——"

"That will do! Were you not with that dog Huber at the inn when I came home? Even that would be enough to make me doubt you. Bringing a false lover to see your true one come home! It is not true it was accidental. I trusted you with a love that no other woman ever had. I trusted you, and you have been false. Take your cursed Huber and be happy with him, if you can. But I will never give another woman the love you have so shamefully abused. I will——"

"Oh, darling, do not leave me! Do not act so unjustly—do not kill me!"

"I shall kill no one. If I die you have killed me. But I shall go back to Austria. I shall live alone in a mountain so dreary that the pines almost fade. There I will live till a welcome death relieves me. Good-by, and may God bless and keep you happy."

The girl could stand all but this farewell, and at the word she fell as if dead upon the floor. Without a look, without a sign of relenting, the man passed out of the door, and crossing a field came to the inn at which the stage coach stopped. In half an hour he was rattling over the rough road away from the loved home of his childhood, his joys and now his grief.

* * * *

Hid away in the mountains, five miles from the little Austrian town of Marktel, stands a rude and lonely but substantial hut, surrounded by sparse pine and spruce trees, and backed by a precipice of treacherous rocks. Here through the snows of seventeen winters, in all the solitude, had dwelt a man whose only companion was a faithful dog. The mothers of Marktel told their children stories of this strange man, and frightened them into obedience by mention of his name. The older inhabitants often told their grand children how, many years before, a young man had passed through their village with head bent down, and without a word to any one had gone up the mountain and never left it, except on a certain night in each month, when he came to the outskirts of the town, and took the basket from the grocer's boy, who stood their shivering in the cold. Once a month with unfailing regularity, the "Hermit of the Hill" was seen by the grocer's boy, who, after the full basket was taken from his charge and an empty one given in its place, would run home again as fast as his legs would take him. One night, seventeen years after his passing through the town, and seventeen years since his recluse life began, the hermit, having left the grocer's boy, was half way up the mountain side again with his basket of provisions on his arm, when his dog, which was left to guard the hut while the master was gone, rushed down the narrow mountain path, and, barking furiously, looked into his master's face, then turned and ran up the hillagain, The hermit knowing that something was amiss, and with the fear that his hut was burning, followed the dog as fast as he could with his load. Reaching the hut the dog rushed by it and turned into a narrow ravine whose sides went up almost perpendicularly for nearly a hundred feet. There by the side of a large bowlder, the dog stopped, and the hermit coming up found a man in the darkness groaning in a pitiful manner. His first thought was to turn away and leave the man to his fate; but he could not harden his heart against the poor man's pleadings. "Oh, for God's sake, warm me! I am dying and almost frozen." With comforting words the hermit bore the man into his hut and laid him on the straw pallet that served him for a bed. A frightful gash was in his head, from which the life blood was ebbing fast. With a tenderness not called up in years the hermit bathed and bound the wound and asked the man if he was more comfortable.

"As comfortable as I will be in this life," he murmured faintly. "My race is run, kind sir; and oh! with this sin upon me I cannot, cannot die! I must live and make amends for what I have done, for I have sinned deeply."

"Make me your confessor," said the hermit, "and God will forgive you all your sins."

The dying man put out a hand which the hermit took in his.

"I have been trying for five years," he said, in his weak voice, "to find one of those I injured, but God will take me ere I can fill my wish. I have wrecked two happy lives—yes, three; for I have known no happiness since that fatal time. In my pocket you will find a letter addressed to Bernard Weiler."

The hermit gave an involuntary start, and a low cry escaped his lips.

"Nay," continued the sufferer, mistaking the exclamation, "chide me not till I have finished. He is the man I injured with false words from his sweetheart. I have searched these mountains and this country for him through five long, unsuccessful years, and if God would spare my life I would devote it all, if need be, to the search. God grant Bernard may not be dead, and may yet live to know the precious love that that sweetheart still bears him."

The fast-sinking man could scarcely whisper more. The loss of blood and his excited speech had prostrated him to such an extent that he now lay pale and panting on the mattress. But the hermit, excited almost to frenzy, could not wait for him to speak.

"Tell me," he cried, "who wrote the letter. Was it Emilie—my Emilie?"

A light came into the man's eyes. He smiled, but could not speak.

"And you," continued the hermit, "are Francis Huber! You wrote the lying letters that parted us. And they were false. I might have known my Emilie's love, but the demon jealousy would not let me. I will go back to my darling and beg for the free forgiveness I grant you, unfortunate man."

The dying sufferer made a final effort to speak, but fell back dead with the unfinished sentence. "God bless—" upon his lips and a smile upon his waxen face.

* * * * *

Kind reader, when I was a little child my eyes oft turned on the sign. "Bernard Weiler, Confectionery," and oft my little feet entered the door beneath that sign when I played, a child, with pretty Gretchen Weiler. And when, as her lover, I paid my court, that sign, as an old friend, still met my eyes. It is there no more. My own name takes its place.

And as we sit in the warm firelight of an evening we all love to hear the romantic story of the lives of Gretchen's parents; how her dear old father lived a hermit on a mountain wild, and how her dear old mother lived a hermit in her home, and how their love was never dead, and how the wife waited long, long years before her happiness came.

Brother Gardner draws the following conclusions: "Dat no man eber gets work sittin' on de fence an' discussin' de needs of de kentry. Dat de less pollyticks a man has de mo cash he can pay his grocer. Dat argyment on religion won't build churches nor pay de preachers."

A working man was killed the other day while climbing over a fence to get a drink. Moral—Always pass the bottle under the fence.

The Change in the Presidential Outlook.

The most comprehensive and accurate review of the situation since the election of Tuesday, November 6, we find in the leading independent newspaper in the country, the New York *Herald*, which discusses it as follows:

The most significant result of Tuesday's elections is the striking change wrought in the Presidential outlook. The great tidal wave of last year had given to the democrats an overweening assurance that they were surely to return in 1884 to the power which they lost in 1860. They were jubilant, confident and boastful. The republicans were correspondingly hopeless and despondent. They read in the great popular verdict of last year the probable doom of their party. They had little hope of staying the Democratic march to victory in the next national campaign.

The results of Tuesday's voting have suddenly changed the situation and outlook. Pennsylvania which went Democratic by forty thousand plurality in 1882. goes Republican in 1883. Massachusetts, carried by the Democrats last year, is again restored to the Republican column. The nearly two hundred thousand majority given to the Democrats by New York twelve months ago is practically wiped out by the work of Tuesday. In addition to this the Democrats have lost much of what they had gained last year in Ohio, and can hardly count upon carrying that State in the next Presidential contest. These results have transformed the Democratic confidence and buoyancy of a few days ago into an anxiety and gloom which are manifest in the expressed views of their leaders and in the editorial tone of their organs. The same results have made the Republicans more jubilant than they have been for a year

The most important and significant aspect of Tuesday's election is the vote of New York. That was a serious and unexpected disaster to the Democrats. They have lost almost entirely the phenomenal majority of last year, with the prestige which that majority gave them. They have discovered that they have no lien upon the vote of the State next year. Now New York is going to be a prime factor in the coming Presidential election. To the Democrats its vote is essential to success. "No Democrat," said our earnest democratic contemporary the *Sun*, yesterday, "can be elected President in 1884 who does not carry New York." In the same article the *Sun* declares that its favorite, Mr. Holman, "possessed a greater running power than any other man of any party who can now be brought forward."

But can Mr. Holman, or any other democrat who is not a citizen of this State, carry New York? Since the republican party came into power in 1860 the State has never been carried by a democrat who was not a resident here. Within that period it has gone democratic but twice, and on each of these occasions the candidate who carried it was a citizen of the State—namely, Mr. Seymour in 1868 and Mr. Tilden in 1876. But while, judging from the past, the selection of a candidate from the State seems to be essential to democratic success in the State, it does not always secure that end, since neither Mr. Greeley in 1872 nor General Hancock in 1880, both of whom were residents of New York, succeeded in polling a majority of its votes.

On the other hand, the republicans do not labor under the disadvantage of having to select their candidate from New York, nor are they even under the necessity of securing its electoral vote. They have carried the State in four of the last six national elections, and in no case was their successful candidate from New York. Moreover, they have twice elected their President without the aid of New York.

These are significant facts which have a most important bearing on the calculations and chances touching the coming Presidential contest. The vote of the last two years shows that the State may be carried next year by either party. That depends mainly on the candidates put forward by each party and the principles advocated by each. The democrats concede that New York is essential to their success in the country. But can they carry the State with a candidate who is not one of its citizens? and even with the electoral vote of the State can they elect their ticket? Evidently New York will be an important if not a decisive battle field for the democracy.

Bright Auburn Tresses.

I shall be considered unorthodox, says a writer in the *Whitehall Review*, when I say that next in loveliness of all the hair I have ever seen comes a chevelure of golden red. Very red hair is orange, and orange hair is far from beautiful; but the abundant tresses to which I refer were of the color of perfectly ripe corn, with that reddish tinge which makes the waving harvest fields so beautiful. Red hair, even if unlovely, has its advantages in a particular age, when a girl or woman dares not be insignificant, "invisible," on pesalty of being nobody. The writer of a little book on the toilet sets forth as follows one of these advantages: "Enter a room in daylight (by artificial light loses much of its ferosity) where there are women without bonnets or hats; and if there be one of them with bright, unmistakable red hair, she will stand out from the rest with a never failing prominence, which, if she be a pretty woman—and red haired women often have great beauty of feature, and very often lovely complexions—is of the greatest advantage to her, socially speaking.

Another advantage lies in the fact that the possession of red hair restricts the owner to a narrow but select range of color. "And you call that an advantage?" cry the phalanx of the red haired sisters. Undoubtedly I do, and to prove it, I ask if, in your inmost souls, you do not adore pink and cherish the belief that it suits you? Of course you do. I never knew any one of your coloring who did not. Restriction as to color, if universal, and regulated on a basis of good taste, would make England more celebrated than ever for handsome women or pretty girls, many of whom now ruin their looks by wearing wrong tints. And what may the red-haired wear? I will tell you. If you wish to be insipid and commonplace, wear pale blue. That has been the heritage of the red-haired for centuries. If you would like to jump out of that deepened groove, and wish to look a very poem, buy warm golden browns, orange tinted yellows, ruddy cream colors, with a flash as from russet leaves upon them. terra cottas, and the whole range of such tints as are exemplified in primroses, buttercups, marigolds, tea roses, Marshall Neils, and Glorie deDijon, chestnut browns, chocolate, dull waliflower reds, and dull gold color. A beautiful rousse, who is a great favorite in English society, wears a gold band in her hair, and usually dresses in the evening in yellow satin or gold covered velvet. She is a picture, indeed, and in her walking gowns of chocolate, relieved with amber, or of tawny red and gold, is as picturesque a woman as one would wish to meet.

Her First Specs.

From the Detroit Post.

A woman who looked as if she had been a long time in this vale of tears went into a jewelry establishment on Jefferson street and said:

"I want a pair of specs."

"This way," said the obliging clerk with his hair parted in the middle, and he led her up a flight of stairs into a long room where a space was reserved for optical purposes. A small, nervous-looking man at once surrounded her.

"Sit here," he said placing a chair for her and hanging up an A B C card in front of her, "fix your eyes on that."

"I ain't going to have my picture taken," said the woman tartly.

"Certainly not, madam, you wish to renew your eyesight. Just tell me what you can see on that card, 9—7—10. Do you follow me?"

"Just let me have my par'sol and I'll foller ye. I didn't come here to be made fun of. I can read an' write as well as you kin, and count too. I want a pair of specs."

"Exactly, but I should recommend eyeglasses with such a nose as yours madam."

"What's the matter with my nose, hey? If it ain't much of a nose, you ain't agoing to poke fun at it."

"It is a beautiful nose," said the optician firmly, "and would adorn a handsome pair of eyeglasses. Will you kindly look at this circle of lines? Do they all appear to be of the same size?"

"'Pear to be? they air all of a size; no fooling, young man."

"Certainly not, madam; if the circles appear to be all of one size your eyes are not deformed."

"Deformed! Good gracious! who said my eyes were deformed? If ever I heard of the like."

"You see, madam, we are compelled to test the optic nerve and determine if the person has presbyopio—"

"No sir, I'm a Baptist, and I won't stay here and be insulted—"

"You misunderstand me, madam; if you are afflicted with hypermoypia in either eye—"

"Look here, young man," said the woman fiercely. "I dare say you think you know a lot, but I want a pair of specs; I ain't as young as I used to be, and—"

"Oh, yes," interrupted the rash optician, "I see you are getting old and—" But he never finished the sentence. When the woman came out of the store she was trying to straighten out the ribs of her parasol, and, muttering to herself:

"Old, indeed! I've ruined a $2 parasol, but I haven't lived all these long years to be insulted by being called old! I'll find some hardware store where they speak English to get my specs at. Old! the impertinent thing!"

America's Most Wonderful Thing.

Lord Coleridge is quoted as saying, when asked what had impressed him most deeply in America: "I can think of nothing that has impressed me more than the almost boundless rights of the citizen. There is hardly any limit to them. The American has absolutely no hindrance upon his doing anything he may wish to do that is not against the law. It is difficult for me to explain exactly what I mean by this, but I will illustrate. For instance, any man here can have an audience, without ceremony, with any officer of the government, up to the president, whenever he may desire one. There are no restrictions that I can see. The citizen comes into a room and waits his turn, and the official sees him, listens to whatever his caller may have to say, and often gives the matter his official consideration then and there. Now," said Lord Coleridge, "all this is so utterly at variance that I may be pardoned for saying that it is the most wonderful thing I have seen. Take your war department for example; think of the ease with which any officer or any soldier can see General Sherman, and then consider the difficulty of obtaining an audience with the Duke of Cambridge, who is the commander-in chief of our forces; and it is equally so of all other officials of high rank. It demonstrates one thing, however, which is that the people here really govern, while rulers are only public servnats. I think it shows another thing, too—that the American is a man sui generis unlike any other in the world. He calls upon the ruler he himself has placed in authority, says what he may wish to say, and then, in self-respecting way, takes his leave. Nowhere but in America could this be done."

The King of the Cowboys.

"I'm a bad man," he said, as he leaned up against the bar of the "Home for Tired men" on the Bowery, and gave the thin barkeeper a look that made him quail. "Yes, I'm a bad man," he continued, as the boys crowded up. "I'm from the west, the extreme west, where blood, hot blood, is spilled daily by men like me. Say, you," he said, catching the eye of a tall man with a large red pimple on his nose.

"Did you ever hear of Big-Headed Jack?"

The tall man answered that he had heard of Red-Headed Mike, but the pimple on his nose turned a ghastly white and he fell shaking into a chair as the bad man drew a revolver and remarked that this was no time for red-headed men.

"Perhaps some gentleman here has heard of Big-Headed Jack," he said, as he glanced around at the boys, but a dead silence prevailing, he continued, "Big-Headed Jack was a tough man. He came to Rattlesnake Bend to take the town. He took the largest portion of it until he came across me. I shot thirteen holes in him. I've got a wagon load of Injun scalps I 'raised' myself. I'm bad, but I'm nothing unless excited. Here, boss, fill 'em up for the boys." At this evidence of a link to a common humanity the boys rallied without losing a man.

"Give me something powerful, boss, something that will make me feel as though the wind was blowing right off the prairie on me once again. Ah, I'm a reckless dare-devil. Give me something powerful to soothe me."

"I suppose you have seen a good deal of bloodshed in your time, sir," said a pale man in the rear.

"My life has been but turmoil and rapine. Devastation and horror have found me in their midst. Men in the west, the farthest west, call me the "King of the Cowboys."

A shudder ran through the crowd, and the tall man with a red pimple on his nose disappeared through a side door.

"And yet said the bad man, musingly, "I was once a quiet unassuming boy, knowing nothing of crime."

"Say, dad," said a large-headed boy, shoving himself through the door far enough to reveal a mouth extended from ear to ear in a general smile, "Ma says you won't know anything for a week if you don't come and carry them ashes down right off. You'd better drop that pistol and come mighty quick. She's waitin',"

The king of the cowboys looked around with a sickly smile. A very cold light gleamed in the eyes of the thin bar-keeper. The bad man got through the door first, and the thin barkeeper came back looking morose and unsocial, and taking a piece of chalk added to the sign over the bar of "No credit given here" the sad word "to-day," after which a lack of interest was apparent in the prosperity of the place, and the thin bar-keeper was left with his elbows on the bar lonesomely burying his hands in his hair.

A Prize Baby.

On an Atlantic steamer bound for New York, a year or so ago, the usual entertainment for the benefit of a Liverpool charity was projected. There happened to be on board a good many "professionals," actors and singers, who all promised to take part, except one, who kept aloof, and stubbornly declined to assist. As he was the star most desired, every effort was made to change his mind, and the committee of arrangements at last applied to Mr. P. T. Barnum (who was, as usual, an inconspicuous passenger), and begged him to labor with the reluctant singer. Mr. Barnum undertook the mission, and after starting the case and making his appeal, somewhat to his surprise the man at once assented.

"I refused all these people," he said, "and I dislike exceedingly to take part in this sort of entertainment, but if you ask me, Mr. Barnum, I can not decline. I am glad to do anything that will please you."

Mr. Barnum felt much complimented, but protested a little when the man continued:

"You did me a great favor once Mr. Barnum, and I never have forgotten it. You may not recall it, but I am under great obligations to you."

"Why," hesitated the great showman, "I must confess that I don't recall—I don't remember any circumstance, and yet your face is familiar. I haven't forgot that. Where was it we met?"

"Oh! it was thirty years ago, Mr. Barnum. *I took the first prize in your first baby show.* I have always felt grateful to you."—*Editor's Drawer, in Harper's Magazine for December.*

Governor Pattison's Deer Hunt.

Editor Dern, of the Altoona, *Tribune*, who accompanied Gov. Pattison in a recent hunting expedition in Sullivan county, gives the following Munchausen description in the *Tribune* of how the Governor used his gun: "Everybody appeared to be anxious that the Governor should get the first shot. Just on the other side of the bridge where the Fishing creek confederacy had its headquarters, and right on the rock where its fort is said to have been built, the Governor was stationed. He did not have long to wait before he saw the monster of the forest, a ten-pronged buck, with antlers like an elk's, coming directly for him. They looked at each other for a moment and then lost their tempers. The Governer, with his trusty breech loader, began to pour buckshot into the face of the noble animal. This only served to enrage the buck the more. The space between the two rapidly diminished, the Governor all the time pouring shot into his antagonist's face. As the glaring eyes of the buck came level with his enemy's and as his hot breath fanned his cheek, the Governor, remembering his strength—for he is a powerful and well built man, standing six feet two and a half inches in his stockings—threw down his gun and grappled with his fierce foe. Then began the tug of war. Down the steep mountain they rolled, first one on top then the other, bounding from one steep cliff to another, until at last, when near the foot of the mountain, the Governor succeeded in getting the right fore foot over one of the monster's antlers, thus entirely disabling him. After freeing himself from the animal and taking a long breath he drew forth from his belt a large hunter's knife and stabbed the buck to the heart. During this great struggle his clothing was torn to shreds, and he looked more like a beggar than a Governor. A sweet smile hovered over his countenance when told that he was "the champion deer slayer."

All Sort.

"I don't know whether you will answer me not; but I am going to ax you all the same," said the chopper to the tree.

A man never wants to have the cholera more than once and as a rule the cholera doesn't want a man more than that.

At an Irish League meeting in New York some one in the audience got up and moved that "no one should vote who was not present."

"Torn Asunder," is the title of a new play. We would suggest "Mucilage; or Stuck Together;" as a good name for the author's next effort.

"Do you believe in an omen?" was once asked Ned Sothern. "Only when it has 'w' before it," was the prompt reply.

"Did she walk into the river with suicidal intent?" was asked by the coroner of a Pittsburg witness. "No, sir; she did not. The woman was alone when she was drowned," was the prompt reply.

Literary Matron—What does Shakepeare mean by his frequent use of the phrase "Go to?" Matter-of-fact Husband—Well, perhaps he thought it wouldn't be polite or proper to finish the sentence.

"Well, there is one thing sure," said Mr Job Shuttle, as he closed a discussion on the wrong sidedness of everything in general; "there is no justice in this world, and it makes me blue to think of it." "True, Job," said Patience, "but the reflection that there is justice in the next, ought to make you feel a great deal bluer."

When a Western editor visits villages in his neighborhood, he is wise enough to speak of each particular town as "the coming metropolis." The inhabitants, of course, lay that flattering unction to their souls, and forthwith each citizen exclaims: "Send me a dozen copies of your valuable paper." Of such is the strategy of western journals.

A Blow at the Scalpers.

CHICAGO, Nov. 14.—The general passenger and ticket agents of the roads in the transcontinental association have issued a circular in accordance with the Topeka compact, directing connecting lines to withdraw from sale all tickets via San Francisco to points in Oregon, Washington territory and British Columbia, and all tickets to San Francisco via St. Paul, Duluth or Portland. The general passenger agents of the roads running west from this city are in receipt of information that Commissioner Pierson has ordered the New York trunk line to discontinue selling through tickets from the east to points west of Chicago and St. Louis. This is to overcome alleged abuses growing out of ticket scalping. The new regulation will compel travelers to purchase tickets after reaching the two cities named, and the action of the commissioner is said to have occasioned unusual wrath among the officials of western roads.

A Scaffold Falls With Fatal Results.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—A scaffold on which a number of men were at work at Pleasant avenue and One-hundred and nineteenth street, gave away today, precipitating six of the men from the third story to the street, killing Patrick Kelfleck and John Glasscoat. The others were badly but not fatally injured.

Druggists Suspend.

PHILADELPHIA, November 13.—W. M. Wilson & Co., druggists, have suspended. Their liabilities are not known. The house has been in existence twenty-four years, and is highly respected and it is believed some satisfactory arrangement will be made.

Miscellaneous.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Though shaken in every joint and fiber with fever and ague, or bilious remittent, the system may yet be freed from the malignant virus with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Protect the system against it with this beneficent antispasmodic, which is furthermore a supreme remedy for liver complaint, constipation, dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, kidney troubles and other ailments.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

Rest not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time. $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk; everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work, write for particulars to H. HALLIET & Co., Portland, Maine. jan16m&w1y

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85 & 87 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK. 15-31 6m

Professional Cards.

S. D. RAY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office, south-west corner of Diamond, near Brockerhoff House. 13-2tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER.
HASTINGS & REEDER, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Yocum & Hastings. 13-40-1y

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late W. P. Wilson. ja4'7t-1f

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his law building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-1f

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street second door from First National Bank. 8 42-1f

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y High Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law
Office next to Garman's hotel, in Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, first door south of Lyon's new store. 5 17-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

H. K. HOY, M. D. Office in Conrad House, above Fortney's Law Office, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to Operative Surgery and Chronic diseases. 13-15-1y

Banks and Bankers.

E. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Shaving Saloons.

WM. MILLS
FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.
Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, under Centre county bank building High street, Bellefonte, Pa. aug 17 1m

M. S. GRAHAM,
FASHIONABLE BARBER
In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 8-1t

Hotels.

McMILLEN'S
NEW BROCKERHOFF HOUSE,
ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA
Good sample room on first floor. Free Bus to and from all trains. Special rates to Witnesses and Jurors. 15-9tf

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Nos. 111 and 113 N'th Broad Street (above Arch
PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.
Directly opposite Academy of Fine Arts three squares from Academy of Music and Horticultural Hall; one block from the new City Hall and the Pennsylvania railway passenger depot; adjoins the National Surgical Institution; half block from Masonic Temple, and within three squares of the Philadelphia & Reading passenger depot.
TERMS, $1.50 PER DAY.
MRS. ELIZABETH A. HUFTON Proprietress
14-2tf

Humpty Dumpty.

The entertainment given at the Opera House Wednesday night by Tony Denier was witnessed by a good audience, and so far as we heard, disappointed no one. The pantomime is getting pretty well worn out heree, but as Wednesday night's "Humpty Dumpty" was the best ever given here, containing many new features, it took fairly well with the audience. The variety part of the entertainment was first-class. The tumbling of the Leonhardt brothers and the horizontal bar performances of the Lorbeys was the finest ever seen on the Opera House stage. Miss Leona Fontainbleau, in her skipping rope song and dance specialties, was generously applauded, but refused to make her second appearance. The "mashers" clapped their hands frantically and bounced up and down in their seats, but it was no go—Miss Leona had concluded to take a rest. Prof. Gleason gave a very enjoyable exhibition with his troupe of trained dogs and the entertainment wound up with a side-splitting selection from Humpty Dumpty. The orchestra furnished excellent music and lots of it.

—The Clearfield *Republican* says that Judge Orvis has associated himself with J. Frank Snyder, Esq., of that place, in the practice of the law in Clearfield county.

Much Alarm around Wrightsville over Recent Robberies.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 13.—The people of Wrightsville, a small town of York county, and those of the surrounding country are greatly alarmed over the recent depredations of thieves, the latest of which were committed last night in the town itself. The residences of Mr. William McConkey and David Detwiler and the store of Moore Brothers were entered. At the former place a large amount of silver plate and other property was obtained by the burglars, but the amount of the entire losses is yet unknown. From the store which was robbed a large quantity of dry goods and groceries were taken. The losses here are heavy. From the extent of the operations of the robbers it is believed that there is a large gang of them. Tools stolen from the blacksmith and cabinet-making shops of a man residing in Wrightsville were the instruments used in entering the buildings robbed. Policemen in Lancaster and York counties were notified of the robberies early this morning and every effort has been made to get on the trail of the burglars.

Officers Witting and Struck, of the Columbia police force, to-day arrested six tramps, who were known to have been in Wrightsville last evening and who are suspected of being the thieves who committed these robberies. A search of their clothing revealed nothing, but they are now held in custody on suspicion of being the persons wanted. A general feeling of insecurity pervades this section of country. With Frankford, the Buzzards and other noted criminals at large the people readily credit the reports of robberies so freely circulated about Lancaster and York counties.

Strike of the Window Glass Makers.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 14.—The strike of window glass workers is almost two months old and from all outward appearances a settlement is as far off as when the strike was inaugurated. Talk of dissension among strikers is emphatically denied by the officials of the workmen who assert that the inner workings of the association are entirely harmonious and that financially the men are in better condition than on the first day, as the glass workers of the east have responded liberally to calls for aid. Stocks of glass in the ware house are getting very low and the manufacturers, in order to fill orders, are importing French glass rather than submit to the demands of the strikers.

Suspension of Nail Mills Ordered.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 14.—At a meeting of the Western Nail association today a general suspension of nail machines was ordered for a period of five weeks, beginning December 22 and ending February 4. The meeting was the largest for many months, and the discussion developed no improvement in the condition of the trade. Stocks are low and ill-assorted, and the demand fair. No change was made in the card rate.

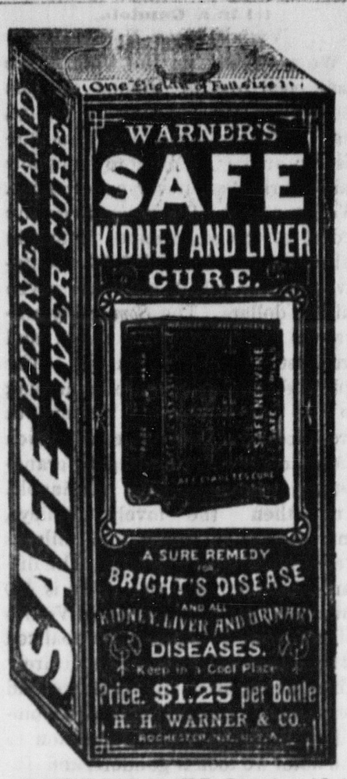
Young Prince George in Bermuda.

HAMILTON, Nov. 8.—The British corvette Canada, Captain Durant, from Halifax, N. S., anchored in Grassy Bay on October, 29, having on board Prince George of Wales. This is the second visit of Prince George to Bermuda, the first having been made in March, 1880, in the Bacchante, when he was accompanied by his brother, Prince Albert Victor.

Think it Over.

It will only cost you the postage on a letter to write to Drs. Starkey & Palen, 1109 Girard street, Philadelphia, and get their opinion of your case, if you are suffering from any form of disease which your physician has failed to cure, as consumption, neuralgia, catarrh, Rheumatism, etc. State it clearly and they will answer promptly, honestly telling you, in view of all the conditions you state, whether they believe Compound Oxygen will do you any good. At the same time they will send you documents containing a history of the discovery of this remarkable substance and a large record of cures which have been made during the last thirteen years, from which you will be able to judge for yourself of its claim upon your confidence.

Medical.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Telling it Very Short.

"I'll tell it, sir, in a few words if I can, but the story would fill a book if justice was done to it.

"Surely, Michael, but put it short this time so's I can squeeze it into a sheet of letter paper."

"Here you are, sir, then, and there are thousands of people here in Binghamton, N. Y., who will testify to the truth of what I say. My name is Michael Guylloyle. I am seventy-four years old. For about nine years I was almost shut out from the world by rhumatism. I had peddled small wares in this city for years, and had to stop altogether. At the best of times I could only hobble miserably about with my cane. I was bent nearly double with pain and weakness, and my hands were useless to labor with. I was but the poor wreck of a once strong man. None of the medicines usually given for rheumatism did me the least good, sir. My old friends and customers forgot me, as though I were under ground.

"With the end of my nose and the tips of my toes
Turned up to the roots of the daisies."

My days and nights were doleful and painful. I had no hope except in death. That is God's truth, and Mr. Mosher, here, knows it.

"I can't tell you how, but PARKER'S TONIC cured me. That was three years ago. I'm lively as a cricket now, sir, and go my business rounds every day, rain or shine. You may tell this to all the world, and refer the doubters to me."

This preparation which has been known as PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, will be called simply PARKER'S TONIC. This change is made for two reasons: first because ginger is an unimportant flavoring ingredient, and secondly, because unprincipled dealers deceive their customers by substituting inferior preparations under the name of ginger.

There is no change, however, in the preparation itself, and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of PARKER'S GINGER TONIC, contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signature of Hiscox & Co. is at the bottom of the outside wrapper.
15 18 1y

HOLDSTEINS

AROMANNA

AN ABSOLUTE CURE FOR

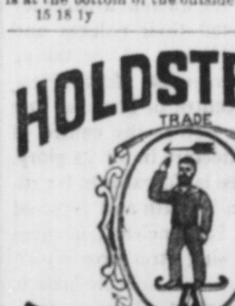
Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Diseases.

Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Heartburn, Waterbrash, Distress after Eating, Belching of Food, Etc., Etc.

This purely vegetable preparation surpasses any medicine recommended for the above diseases. Give it a trial. Price 25 and 75 cents.

To prove its merits I don't say to you buy (as others do), but I say to you try a sample bottle FREE, at JOHN HARRIS, Druggist, Bellefonte, Pa. G. HOLSTEIN, Proprietor, Woodbury, N. J.
15 41 1y

CATARRH



HAY-FEVER

Chronic Catarrh.

I was troubled with chronic catarrh and gathering in my head. Was very deaf at times; had discharges from my ears and was unable to breathe through my nose. I was cured by the use of Ely's Cream Balm. C. J. Corbin, 922 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Apply by little finger into the nostrils. By absorbtion it effectually cleanses the nasal passages of catarrhal virus, causing healthy secretions. It allays inflammation, protects the membranal linings of the head from additional colds, completely heals the sores and restores the sense of taste and smell. Beneficial results are realized by a few applications. A thorough treatment will cure. Unequaled for colds in head. Agreeable to use. Send for circular. Sold by druggists. By mail 50c. a package—stamps.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N. Y
15-48-4t

$72 A week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address TRUE & Co. Augusta, Me. 1aug6m&w1y

Wilson & McFarlane—Hardware.

HARDWARE,

STOVES.

WILSON, M'FARLANE & CO.

Have for sale in HEATING STOVES,

THE CROWNING GLORY

OF BASE BURNERS.

This Stove is well named. It has a Diving Flue in front, making it a Front Heater.

Immense Radiating Surface.

ALSO,

FORT ORANGE AND EASTLAKE.

We would call your attention to

The Welcome Home Heaters,

DOUBLE AND SINGLE.

Beautifully finished in Nickel. Our line of COOK STOVES and RANGES is complete.

CALL AND SEE US.

Three Particular Points.

Point the First.—BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is not an intoxicating compound. It is a tonic medicine, not a drink. It is a skillfully compounded preparation made to restore strength and health; not a beverage to be sold in bar-rooms and taverns.

Point the Second.—BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is free from everything injurious. The most delicate ladies and the most enfeebled infants may use it with perfect safety and with great advantage. While it is powerful in its remedial agency, it is gentle in its operation, restoring wasted strength and imparting robust health in the most efficient manner.

Point the Third.—BROWN'S IRON BITTERS is made by the Brown Chemical Company of Baltimore, a long established house, whose reputation is well known to the business world and the general community. There is no risk in buying such a medicine.

15-40-1y

Duff's Mercantile College

A Business Education is the most profitable, because it is the most useful. Our aim is to practically train young men for the actual requirements of this commercial age. Individual instruction. No vacation. Students can enter at any time. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh, Pa. Duff's Book-keeping, published by Harper & Bro., printed in colors, 400 pages. The largest work on the science published. A work for bankers, rail-roads, business men and practical accountants. Price $5.00. nov1 4t

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Marvelous success.
Insane Persons Restored
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc.
INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.
See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.
15-22-1y

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BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS
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Steam Engines,
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AND
Grist Mill Machinery.
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PENNSYLVANIA
STATE COLLEGE.
Fall Term Opens Sept. 12, 1883.
Examinations for admission, September 11 and 12.

This institution is located in one of the most beautiful and healthful spots of the entire Allegheny region. It is open to students of both sexes, and offers the following Courses of Study:

1. A Full Classical Course of four years.
2. A Full Scientific Course of four years.
3. The following SPECIAL COURSES, of two years each, following the first two years of the full Scientific Course: (a) AGRICULTURE; (b) NATURAL HISTORY; (c) CHEMISTRY AND PHYSICS; (d) CIVIL ENGINEERING.
4. A short SPECIAL COURSE in Agriculture
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6. A Classical and Scientific Preparatory Course.

Military drill is required. Expenses for board and incidentals very low. Tuition free. Young ladies under charge of a competent lady Principal.

For Catalogues, or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, *President*, *State College, Centre Co., Pa.*
14-28-4f

F. P. GREEN,
DRUGGIST,
Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family receipes. 6 1 1y

Drs. J. N. & J. B. Hobensack,
No. 206 Second st., Above Race,
PHILADELPHIA,
For 20 years have been engaged in treatment of Secret Diseases as regular practitioners. Read "Wisdom in a Nutshell." Sent to any address on receipt of a three-cent stamp. Useful information to the afflicted.
Office hours from 8 a. m. to 2 p. m., and from 6 to 9 p. m. Consultations by mail strictly private and confidential. 15-30-1y*

Miscellaneous.

(*Continued from last week.*)

How Watch Cases are Made.

This process of manufacture was invented by James Boss, who started in business in 1854, and the methods and tools used in making these watch cases are covered by patents. *This is the only watch case made under this process.* For many years the introduction of these goods was slow, owing to popular prejudice against "plated" goods, but gradually the public learned that the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* was *not* a *cheap gold-washed* or *electro-plated* article, but was made of *genuine gold plates* of *standard quality* and *thickness*. Conscientious adherence to the determination to make the *best* watch case ever put on the market, and the adoption of every improvement suggested, has made the *James Boss' Gold Watch Case* the STANDARD. TRADE MARK. In this watch case the parts most subject to wear—the *bow, crown, hinges, thumb-catches*, etc., are made of SOLID GOLD.

Send 2 cent stamp to Keystone Watch Case Factories, Philadelphia, Pa., for handsome Illustrated Pamphlet showing how James Boss' and Keystone Watch Cases are made.

(*To be continued.*) 2
15 36 1y

TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

TUTT'S PILLS CURE SICK HEADACHE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE DYSPEPSIA.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE PILES.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE FEVER AND AGUE.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE BILIOUS COLIC.
TUTT'S PILLS Cure KIDNEY Complaint.
TUTT'S PILLS CURE TORPID LIVER.
TUTT'S PILLS IMPART APPETITE.

DR. TUTT has succeeded in combining in these pills the heretofore antagonistic qualities of a STRENGTHING, PURGATIVE, and a PURIFYING TONIC.

Their first apparent effect is to increase the appetite by causing the food to properly assimilate. Thus the system is nourished, and by their tonic action on the digestive organs, regular and healthy evacuations are produced.

The rapidity with which PERSONS TAKE ON FLESH while under the influence of these pills, indicates their adaptability to nourish the body, hence their efficacy in curing nervous debility, melancholy, dyspepsia, wasting of the muscles, sluggishness of the liver, chronic constipation, and imparting health & strength to the system. Sold everywhere.

Price 25 cents.
Office
53 Murray Street,
NEW YORK.
14-44-1y

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WHO IS UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THIS COUNTRY WILL SEE BY EXAMINING THIS MAP

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RY

By the central position of its line, connects the East and the West by the shortest route, and carries passengers, without change of cars, between Chicago and Kansas City, Council Bluffs, Leavenworth, Atchison, Minneapolis and St. Paul. It connects in Union Depots with all the principal lines of road between the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. Its equipment is unrivaled and magnificent, being composed of Most Comfortable and Beautiful Day Coaches, Magnificent Horton Reclining Chair Cars, Pullman's Prettiest Palace Sleeping Cars, and the Best Line of Dining Cars in the World. Three Trains between Chicago and Missouri River Points. Two Trains between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, via the Famous

"ALBERT LEA ROUTE."

A New and Direct Line, via Seneca and Kankakee, has recently been opened between Richmond, Norfolk, Newport News, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Augusta, Nashville, Louisville, Lexington, Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Lafayette, and Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul and intermediate points.

All Through Passengers Travel on Fast Express Trains.

Tickets for sale at all principal Ticket Offices in the United States and Canada.

Baggage checked through and rates of fare always as low as competitors that offer less advantages.

For detailed information, get the Maps and Folders of the

GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE,

At your nearest Ticket Office, or address

R. R. CABLE, Vice-Pres. & Gen'l M'g'r. E. ST. JOHN, Gen'l Tkt. & Pass. Agt.
CHICAGO.
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WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS
FOR THE
LIVER
And all Bilious Complaints.
Safe to take, being purely vegetable; no griping
Price 25 cents. All Druggists.
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And Household Magazine,
Conducted by JAS. W. PARKINSON, and devoted to the table and other matters of interest to the home. Issued on the first of every month. Terms, $2.00 a year; single numbers, 20 cents. News dealers and the trade generally supplied by the American News Company and its branches throughout the United States and the Canadas. A specimen number sent to any address on the receipt of 15 cents in stamps.
Address E. C. WHITTON, Publisher, 1013 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa. 15-32tf

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania,

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column	35 00	55 00	125 00

To insure insertion, advertisements MUST be in no later than Monday noon.

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

A Wind Storm in Maine.

LEWISTOWN, Me., Nov. 15.—The recent gale took the form of a cyclone in Oxford and Franklin counties. In Bethel a house and several barns were destroyed. J. H. Carter was blown thirty yards and picked up insensible. In Byron, Mexico, Gilead, Canton, Paris, Buckfield and Fryeburg, many houses and barns were destroyed or damaged. In Dixfield gravestones were broken short off. All the roads are badly obstructed by fallen timber. The spruce forests at the head of Swift river were badly damaged and many million feet of pine destroyed. In Andover twenty-two chimneys were toppled over and the church damaged. The damage in Oxford county must amount to $100,000. In Franklin county the narrow gauge railroad bridge at Phillip's was moved from its foundation and the cable bridge in Salem was broken. In this town there was much damage and a number of cattle were killed and buildings blown down. The roads between Phillips and Rangely are impassable. The loss in this county is $50,000. Heavy losses are reported from Somerset county and considerable damage was sustained throughout northern Maine.

A New Jersey Farmer's Disappearance.

BORDENTOWN, Nov. 14.—Joseph Tantum, a highly respected and well-to-do farmer and dairyman, living about three miles from here, has been missing since Monday last. Having business in Philadelphia he took one of the early morning trains from this place on that day for the city, intending to return the same evening. He had with him a check on a Philadelphia bank for $250, besides considerable other money, variously estimated at from $300 to $500. Beyond the fact that he cashed the check in Philadelphia the same day no trace of him can be had. His family consists of his wife, a grown-up daughter and two quite young children. His wife is almost crazed by his sudden disappearance and can assign no reason for it whatever. He was always a sober and industrious man and fears are entertained for his safety. He is a member of Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 28, F. and A. M., of this place.

Mahanoy's Gifts to Shenandoah.

MAHANOY CITY, Nov. 15.—The committee appointed to solicit subscriptions for the sufferers by the Shenandoah fire report $1,650 in cash collected up to to-night. About $150 were sent to the relief committee direct, making at least $1,800 in cash subscribed by Mahanoy City. In addition to this there was about two hundred dollars' worth of provision and clothing collected by the committee, making a grand total of $2,000. Next?

The Glass Blowers' Troubles.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 16.—At the conference of the representatives of the glass manufacturers and the National Window Glass Blowers' Association this afternoon no basis of compromise was arrived at. Instead, a committee consisting of Messrs. Wightman, from the manufacturers' side, and Hammett, from the blowers, committee, was appointed to settle the vexed question and report on December 18 finally.

Killed by His own Cart.

READING, Nov. 16.—The first fatal ident on the new Schuylkill Road in this vicinity occurred at Gibraltar, five miles from day. Thomas Baltzer, a mbled and fell, his loaded over his spine, killing ner Schoedler's jury erdict in accordance He lived in Reading, and unmarried.

A Big Blaze in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—The American line steamship company's wharves in this city were destroyed by fire last evening. The piers were enclosed by large frame buildings, the lower floors of which were used for the storage of freight and the upper stories as a temporary home for emigrants. A watchman was lighting the gas with a small lamp attached to a pole, when the lamp fell off and rolled between two bales of cotton. The cotton became ignited and in a short time the entire structure was in flames. The fire spread rapidly and thousands of dollars worth of goods awaiting shipment on the steamer Lord Clive were soon swept away. Three alarms were sounded, bringing to the scene three-fourths of the fire department of the city. Tugs on the river also lent valuable assistance in towing to places of safety the vessels lying close to the fire. The steamship Indiana narrowly escaped. The fire burned for over three hours and the buildings were almost entirely destroyed, involving a loss of nearly $100,000.

A Nihilist Edict.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 16.—It is reported of the two female nihilists, recently arrested at the Imperial Marie Institute, Warsaw, one Sofia Waskrepensky, was executed privately; the other, named Ossinsky, committed suicide before the trial.

The *Will of the People*, nihilist, states that the sentence of death passed by the nihilist central committee on the informer was carried out. It says their party has lost many valuable members recently, but the gaps are being rapidly filled. More blood will flow, the responsibility for which will fall not only upon the senseless government, but upon those who, knowing the pressing needs of the country, sit still and do nothing. The paper contains two letters from convicts in Siberia, which give horrible details of the treatment of the prisoners there.

A Successful Strike of Printers.

NEW YORK Nov. 15.—The compositors employed on the *World*, *Star*, *Tribune*, *Morning Journal* and *Truth* demanded an increase in their rate of pay from 40 to 46 cents a thousands ems to-night. Their demands were granted in every instance, with the exception of the *Tribune* compositors. The demand was made at the instance of their typographical union.

Twelve union men were at work in the *Tribune* when the committee from the union paid their visit and ordered them to strike, unless their demand was conceded. It not being granted the union men quit work and left the building. The non-union men employed on the *Tribune* refuse to listen to the committee. The *Herald* and *Sun* have been paying 46 cents and the *Times* 45. No demand was made on the latter paper.

A Mississippi Steamer Sinks.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 18.—The steamer Will Kyle, en route from New Orleans to Cincinnati, struck a protruding log while making a landing at Australia, Miss., 100 miles below here, and sank. Her stern lies in twenty feet of water, but her bow is clear. The accident occurred Thursday evening at 7 o'clock. Her cargo consists of 400 tons, principally sugar and molasses. She was towing a barge containing 500 bales of cotton, which was not damaged. James Alexander, her chief clerk, and part of her cabin and deck crews arrived here yesterday morning on the steamer Josie Harry. The Will Kyle is listed badly and fears are entertained that she cannot be raised.

Three Fires.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 16.—A special to the *News and Courier* reports that a fire broke out in the town of Sumter last night and spread rapidly, soon involving in ruin the stores of Morris, Hewson, Pate, Hoyt, DeLorne, Snares, Bogm, Pheeny, O'Conner and Maxwell. At last accounts the fire was still raging. Loss, so far, $40,000.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 16.—A special from Mount Vernon, Ill., says: The Phœnix block was burned last night. Loss, $50,000; insurance unknown.

NEW CASTLE, Pa., Nov. 16.—The New Castle paper mill was burned to the ground this morning. Loss, $50,000. Insurance, $35,000.

The First Ice Fatality.

CONNELSVILLE, November 18.—W. R. Albright, a brakemen in the yard here, slipped on a piece of ice while he was coupling a caboose to a locomotive last evening and fell upon the track. The caboose ran over him, cutting one leg off below the knee and mashing the other foot to a pulp. He is an old and experienced railroad man about 40 years of age and single.

A Noisy Crowd at a Lecture.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Dr. Stocker, chaplain to the German Court, lectured upon German Socialism today at Memorial Hall. A large and unruly crowd cheered, hissed and groaned at the lecturer and interrupted him with insulting cries and epithets. Finally the disturbance became so great that Dr. Stocker indignantly left the hall and the meeting ended in confusion.

The Mercury Nearing the Zero Point.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Nov. 14.—The thermometer stood at six degrees above zero at daybreak this morning. Ice is running thick in the river at this point and navigation is practically closed between La Crosse and St. Paul.

Burned to the Water's Edge.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 18.—The steamer S. H. Parisot was burned this morning above Natchez. Loss, $250,000. The passengers rushed to the bank in their night clothes, carrying their other clothes in their hands, and abandoning to the devouring element all other baggage, including valuable jewelry and large sums of money. They left the burning boat none too soon, for before the crew had got safely off the lines were burned in two and the doomed vessel, enveloped in flames, drifted out into the stream.

Yell Baring, second engineer, was the last to leave. He stood to his post of duty until he was entirely surrounded by fire. Finding he could do no more he ran the gauntlet, jumped into the river and swam ashore. Some of the crew were taken off in a yawl. There was the greatest excitement among them. Two jumped into the river and one of them, Phil. Burdbarg, was drowned. It is feared several deck passengers perished.

Young Nutt's Defense.

UNIONTOWN, Nov. 15.—Major Brown and Marshal Schwartzwelder, of Pittsburg, who will assist in defending young James Nutt for the killing of Dukes, have been in town consulting with the local counsel as to matters pertaining to the defense. Nothing has been given out concerning the line to be pursued by the defense. The counsel for the Commonwealth seem to take it for granted, however, that the plea will be insanity, as they are known to be subpœnaing witnesses to testify as to young Nutt's mental condition. Some of the teachers under whom he was a pupil in the public schools have been summoned to appear. The overwhelming defeat of Searight, Dukes' political champion, is regarded as an expression of public sentiment that will not injure Nutt's chances any. The trial comes up the 1st of December.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The geological survey of Centre county has been completed and Mr. E. V. d'Invilliers returned to Philadelphia on Monday to prepare his report for the press. It is expected that copies of his report will be ready for distribution in the summer of 1884. Mr. d'Invilliers expresses himself as greatly pleased with the county's coal and iron ore deposits, and takes this means of publicly returning his thanks for the many courtesies he has received at the hands of the various operators. His address will be 711 Walnut St., Philadelphia, where he will be pleased to receive any communications relative to the work he has been performing.

—Among the most intensely interesting trials to come before the special term of court this week will be that of John I. Thompson vs. Samuel Crist. It is an action to recover damages for timber alleged to have been cut by the latter on lands of the former near Snow Shoe along the Moshannon. The damages are estimated at $20,000. Crist is a resident of Lock Haven. Judge Rockefeller, of Sunbury, will occupy the bench and it is said that hosts of surveyors have been sobpœnaed to testify.

—We exceedingly regret to record the death, on Thursday night at 12 o'clock, of Mrs. Sarah Garman, an esteemed resident of Benner township. Her death was caused by that terrible scourge, consumption, from which she had suffered for a long time. Her age was 67 years. Two sons, Matthew and John—both residing in Benner township—survive to mourn the loss of a loving and faithful mother. The funeral occurred on Sunday from Shiloh church.

—Thanksgiving Day, the 29th instant, is also known as Donation Day for the German Hospital of Philadelphia, which is located at the S. W. Cor. of Girard and Corinthian avenues next to Girard College in Philadelphia. Our German readers will find it a desirable place to procure medical attendance when they visit Philadelphia for that purpose. Contributions of money, linens or other articles received.

—The Chest Creek Railroad Company was chartered on Wednesday. It's route is from Kaylor's Station on the Ebensburg Branch road in Cambria county, via the villages of Westover and Newberry to mouth of Chest creek, Clearfield county. Dis. tance 35 miles; capital $400,000. John Patton, Curwensville, president.

Return the Books.

A special effort is to be made during this week to call in all the books belonging to the Y. M. C. A. library that are now in circulation. Parties having such books in their possession will confer a great favor by returning them promptly.

—The next President Judge of the 49th Judicial District was in town this morning. Although he is the third judge who will have occupied the bench since the formation of the district he is the Furst Republican mentioned for the position.

VENICE.

Riding from the Station to the Hotel in a Gondola.

VENICE, ITALY, Nov. 1, 1883.

We are again on the wing. We bade good bye to Vienna on the morning of October 27th, for Venice, Italy. It was a perfect day from sunrise to sun-set. A more enjoyable railroad ride we never experienced. We came by the *Sommering route*, the oldest of the continental mountain railways, being built 1848-53, twenty-five miles of which cost over seven million dollars. The *Sommering* railway is considered the finest and grandest of its kind in Europe. The splendid stone bridges are numerous; so also the abrupt and tremendous precipices along the edges of which the railroad runs, affording the grandest and wildest scenery imaginable. And then the lovely valleys, and streams of water and villages were indeed most charming. The distance between the two cities is 400 miles and we did not reach Venice till quite late at night. We realized at once that we were in an entirely different city from any that we had yet visited. Instead of taking an omnibus or carriage from the station to the hotel we took a gondola, and instead of a driver, we had a gondolier. Mrs. Hayes thought it was the most delightful ride from a station to a hotel she had ever taken. From the gondola we stepped into our hotel. It seemed strange not to see any horses and carriages. We have now been in Venice five days and have not seen a single horse or carriage, so we have concluded they are scarce. Instead of stepping out from their houses into the front yard or on the pavement the Venetians step into canals or rather into gondolas. Instead of solid roads and pavements as other cities have, here there are canals. It is certainly very novel. One thing is certain—there is no necessity to do any sprinkling. And there is no dust no matter how much the wind blows. Besides the gondolas there are tiny steamers that transport passengers quickly from place to place, and that too at the marvelous low rate of ten centesimi, or two cents. It is the most comfortable and easiest city to sight-see on the face of the earth. One can step into a gondola at the hotel and go directly to the steps of the church, or place one may wish to visit. In a brief letter we could hardly describe the many interesting subjects in Venice that claim the attention of the traveler and excite his praise and admiration. The first thing to do is to take a trip the entire length of the *Grand Canal*, and in passing along the gondolier points out the interesting objects, such as the palaces, churches, bridges, etc., etc. On this street the ancient aristocracy of Venice erected their palaces and handsome buildings. After taking this trip we visited *St. Mark's Place*, which is the centre of business and amusement, as well as the centre of Venitian architecture in all its glory. St. Mark's Place is 192 yards in length and 90 yards in breadth and is paved with marble. It is enclosed on three sides by imposing structures which appear like one vast marble palace. The most important of these structures is the Church of St. Mark which was built in the 10th century, but remodeled in the Byzantine style in the 12th and 13th centuries and decorated in the most extravagant and magnificent manner possible. Over the principal portal are the famous "Four Bronze Horses" of the 1st century. Constantine carried these horses to Constantinople and in 1204 when Venice was robbing and plundering a large part of the world they were brought here. Napoleon carried them to Paris in 1798, but in 1815 they were restored to Venice. St. Mark has externally and internally 500 columns of exquisite marble. Internally the greater part of the church is mosaic. Even the marble pavements are mosaic. The mosaics cover an area of 45,790 square feet. These mosaics represent principally Bible history and Bible scenes, and are most interesting. Besides, there are numerous monuments, statues, precious jewels, columns of alabaster, etc., etc. There is no sham here in Venice in their churches. What they have is the genuine article, and that in great abundance.

Alongside of St. Mark is the *Palace of the Doges*, "the great work of Venice, the principal work of her imagination, employing her best architects in masonry, and her best artists in its decoration for a long series of years." We ascend it by the Giant Staircase, and explore its numerous halls and rooms, all most lavishly adorned with portraits of the Doges, and the masterpieces of the Venetian painters. On the east side of the Ducal Palace is the famous *Bridge of Sighs*. Just opposite St. Mark's is the *Campanile*, a square brick tower surmounted with a pyramid, and 325 feet high. We ascended the Campanile last evening just before sun set, and enjoyed the gorgeous Italian sunset, together with a fine view of Venice, the Adriatic sea and the distant Alps. St. Mark's Place is called the *Piazza* and the *Piazzetta* in the entrance to the Piazza. In the Piazzetta are two *granite columns* brought from Syria by one of the Doges in 1120. On one of them is the Winged Lion of St. Mark, and on the other is St. Theodore on a crocodile.

Besides St. Mark there are numerous other churches in Venice rich in paintings of the Venetian masters and rich in exquisite mosaic and marble. We will mention only the *Frari* which besides its paintings contains the monuments of *Titian* and *Canoba*, both of which we were especially glad to see.

We will leave this P. M. for Florence, and then go directly to Rome.

T. R. HAYES.

Well Done.

Contractor John Dunkle has about finished his contract for the abutments of the Spring creek bridge, all that remains to be done being the filling in at the sides of the abutments with earth. While it was not to him what may be deemed a highly profitable contract yet we think it reflects great credit on his ability and his faithfulness. All who see the abutments acknowledge that they are substantial and well constructed. Contracts given to Mr. Dunkle will always be faithfully executed.

—Referring to Centre and Huntingdon's new judge, McPike, of the Cambria *Freeman*, says: "Judge A. Hoy, there! will give rather a nautical air to things judicial over that way."

Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N. Y. 15 7 1y

Miscellaneous.

Foundry & Machine SHOPS, AND

Farmers' Repair Depot.

Having leased the old Bellefonte Foundry, and improved and repaired the same, we are now prepared to make all kinds of

CASTINGS

on short notice. All kinds of Farming Machinery Repaired and missing parts supplied.

Mowers, Reapers, Self-Binders, Threshing and Horse Power Machines a Specialty.

MILL AND ORE BANK MACHINERY

Attended to on short notice, or anything else that comes under our line of business.

HICKS & GRIFFITH,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

June5d&wtf

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. John H. Orvis, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. J. G. Larimer and the Hon. J. R. Smith, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 13th of September, A. D., 1883, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of Nov. next, being the 26th day of November, 1883, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 20th day of Oct., in the year of our Lord, 1883, and in the one hundred and seventh year of the independence of the United States.

THOMAS J. DUNKEL,
Sheriff.

Oct26tf

Sechler & Co.

New Goods!

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

SECHLER & CO.

Proprietors of the only complete grocery in Centre county, announce to the people of the county that they are now receiving Fresh, New Goods for the

Holiday Season

OF

83-84.

Stock Complete! Nothing Wanting!

SPICES.—The best cook in the land cannot cook successfully without pure, fresh spices. These we have in every variety. Remember this when Thanksgiving approaches. Well-seasoned food adds to long life and happiness.

SUGARS AND MOLASSES.—In Sugars and Molasses we have all the best brands in the market. Much of the sugar that is sold is adulterated, and in an article of this kind there is great waste. We buy from reliable dealers, and handle only the genuine goods.

TEAS AND COFFEES.—A Thanksgiving or Christmas breakfast cannot be thoroughly enjoyed without a good cup of coffee or tea. A drink of this kind is stimulating and goes right to the spot. Our Coffees and Teas are fresh and strictly pure. The fragrant odor which escapes from the steaming pot as it comes in from the kitchen will convince you of this. We sell more coffee than any other two houses in the county. Why? Because we sell the best and the people know it.

NUTS, CONFECTIONERY, ETC.—In Nuts and Confectionery we have everything that is nice, and just what will please the young folks, and old folks as well. Our candies are all pure and wholesome; We do not handle the highly-colored, poisonous mixtures that ruin and decay the teeth. We have new Florida oranges (this fall's crop), fine Figs and Prunes, and a choice line of Canned Fruits and Preserves. Bear this in mind when preparing to Celebrate the merry holidays.

We make special mention of the above lines of goods because they are all leading articles at this season of the year. In other lines our stock is equally fresh and complete.

We have no empty shelves and no empty boxes piled up for display.

We buy the Best Goods and sell at the Lowest Figures.

Call in and inspect our No. 1 goods. Then you will know where to purchase when your cupboard needs replenishing.

Sechler & Co.,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.

15-44tf

"The Parable of Winter."

So far as sermons are concerned, we fail to remember any that have impressed us so startlingly and aroused our admiration so completely as the morning and evening discourses delivered by Rev. John Hewitt in the Episcopal church on Sunday. Especially is this true of the morning discourse. It excelled in that glowing imagery and apt simile which so indelibly impress upon the mind the truths which they are employed to enforce. The reverend gentleman based his remarks upon the Scripture texts found in Psalm 147: 16 and 17, which he termed the "Parable of Winter." After referring to the peculiar beauties of Autumn which succeed the softer and warmer adornments of summer, of the vanished flowers and the growing cold, he alluded to the softly falling snow. The feathery flakes which float so gently around us he described as "frozen flowers" and the "returning ghosts of perished flowers." He considered the long winter evenings which may be employed in the improvement of the mind and the cultivation of the affections of the family circle as among the most welcome features of the returning season. The family is a sacred institution and in the preservation of the family ties we imitate English and German ancestors. It is one of the elements of England's strength, and all remember when the Germans marched victoriously into the very heart of the dissipated Empire, the language of whose people has no equivalent of the word "Home." Quite pointedly he criticised the custom becoming so popular of closing up our comfortable homes both winter and summer, giving up the privacy and sacredness of family life and taking up our residence in a crowded hotel either at the watering places or in the large cities. "Respectable vagrancy" was the pointed appellation for such a custom. The finest thought among the many with which he embellished his discourse was contained in another reference to the snow. All have noticed how quickly it melts on the roofs of inhabited houses while on those which are not occupied it will remain white and firm during the entire season. The disappearance of the snow from roofs of inhabited houses is caused by the interior heat which passes through to the outer surface. All, perhaps, must experience a winter of the spirit; the snow, ice and frost of trial and grief are common heritages; but if the spirit is occupied, if the life giving presence of Christ is with us in its fullness, how will the spirit rejoice! Afflictions which are for our benefit will make us rejoice and winter will be brightened with eternal sunshine. It is quite beyond our ability to give even an imperfect outline of this admirable discourse.

In the evening he also preached a thoughtful and earnest sermon from that much quoted and ever increasingly beautiful Scripture passage in Ecclesiastes 12:6: "Or ever the silver cord be loosed, or the golden bowl be broken, or the pitcher be broken at the fountain, or the wheel be broken at the cistern." But our space is too limited for even an analysis of this production.

—On Wednesday morning, the 14th instant, Mr. Charles K. McCafferty, of Bradford, son of Mr. Charles McCafferty, of this place, was married at McKeesport, near Pittsburg, to Miss Blanch Crawford, formerly of Milesburg. Mr. McCafferty will be better remembered by his acquaintances in this place as "Dode," although the peculiar significance of that name for him is not apparent. He is a very fine young man and has an excellent position in Bradford, where his brother, James, is also employed. His bride is a charming young lady. The bride and groom spent part of Thursday at the home of the groom's father and then departed for Bradford where they will hereafter reside. We wish them a long and pleasant married life.

—The Houtzdale *Observer* remarks: From a gentleman of this place who has lately visited the new town of Peale, Clearfield county, we learn that about one hundred houses are now up and under roof, many finished and families already living in them. These houses are built double for the accommodation of two families Something like five hundred houses are to be built next Summer, and machine shops are expected to be erected there. Our informant says the streets are rather above the average width, nicely graded, and it is his belief that Peale is calculated in the future to be more than simply a mining town.

A Grange Meeting.

CENTRE HALL, Nov. 12th, 1883.

MR. EDITOR: There will be a meeting of Centre county Pomona Grange at Centre Hall on Friday, November 30.

J. A. KELLER, Secretary.

Business Notices and Other Items

We have just received our new Fall and Winter Woolens. Call and leave your order. MONTGOMERY & Co., Tailors.

—The car works are not yet sold and they are offered at a tremendous sacrifice. Who'll buy them?

—Don't miss reading H. K. Hicks' advertisement. 39tf

—There is a lull in the wedding boom.

—Cold weather groceries at Harry Teats & Co.'s store.

—One or two straw hats are still visible, despite the Polar wave that now reminds us of mid-winter.

—Schofield has $500 worth of horse blankets and buffalo robes which must be sold. This is the time to secure bargains.

—An egg will soon cost as much as the hen that lays it.

—Silk velvets and plushes—largest stock and lowest prices, at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

—That leak in the water pipes on Spring street has not yet been repaired.

—Wait for the wagon and we'll all take a ride to Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store.

—The New England Tea Party of the Presbyterian church has been indefinitely postponed.

—Before you use your handsome sleigh you must have one of Schofield's fine plush robes.

—John T. Lee, of Centre Hall, raised a head of cabbage this year that weighs 21¼ pounds.

—Great blanket sale still going on at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

—Mince pies, apple dumplings and roast turkey constitute very toothsome articles of diet just now.

—Hats and caps for men, women and children in endless variety at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

—There was a $10,000 fire in Salona, Clinton county, on Wednesday night, Mr. D. R. Krape was the chief sufferer.

—Do not delay but go at once to Harry Teats & Co.'s grocery store for all you want in the grocery line. You will be quickly served and will be pleased with all you buy.

—A promising revival of religion is in progress in the Oak Grove school house between this place and Jacksonville. Several persons have already professed their faith in Christ.

—Buy your groceries for a Thanksgiving dinner at Harry Teats & Co.'s store. Spices, sugars, coffees, raisins and everything in the grocery line can be purchased there in excellent variety.

—On Thursday morning the planing mill pond was frozen over, which was the earliest that such a thing has occurred within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. Never is it expected until the November court.

—Lap robes in fur and plush, also horse blankets, bound and strapped, for 75 cents, at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

—This is the season of the year for the house-maid to scrub the front pavement at the early hour of 6 o'clock a. m., and then watch the wayfarer slip up and fall down on the ice that is formed immediately after.

—Five hundred ladies' and misses' coats on sale at fabulously low prices at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

—Ed. Burnell says he didn't kill that cow; perhaps, however, he was present at the funeral.

STOLEN—A BAY MARE AND A TOP BUGGY.—The mare is 15¾ hands high, has a half bald face, roachmane, fast walker, quick stepper, sometimes paces in starting, carries her ears erect, inclined slightly backward, cribs on post, sometimes on manger, has a small lump inside of left fore leg at body, very close jointed at fetlocks. The buggy is a piano box, plain, old-style wheels, painted all black, and no stripes; top is part leather and part gum, dark green lining, light brown leather seating, common nickle harness. A liberal reward will be paid for information that will lead to the recovery of the property.

EDWARD T. TUTEN,

n17d&wtf

H. K. Hicks.--Stoves.

I AM NOW READY FOR THE STOVE SEASON.

The largest line of STOVES, HEATERS AND RANGES

Ever offered for sale by any one dealer in Central Pennsylvania.

SOLE AGENT FOR JAMES SPEAR AND RAYMOND & CAMPBELL.

EVERY STOVE I SELL IS WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

It will pay you to examine my stock before buying elsewhere. I can suit any one in style, price and quality. Call and see me. We like to show them.

H. K. HICKS, Hardware Merchant,

BELLEFONTE PA.

15-39-3m

Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

V. S. C,. "L.," WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD

And are prepared for the winter campaign with a full line of

Good Goods at Reduced Prices

IN BOOTS, RUBBERS, CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, BLANKETS, ALL KINDS OF FLANNELS, SHAWLS, LADIES' COATS, DRESS GOODS—WHICH RUN FROM 8 cts. PER YARD, AND CALICOES FROM 5 cts.

GROCERIES,

As before, arriving daily in large quantities, at the lowest figures--Granulated Sugar, 10 cts. per lb. Valencia Raisins and Turkey Prunes, 3 lbs. for 25 cts. New Buckwheat Flour, 98 cts. in ½ sacks.

CLOSING OUT OUR 5 AND 10 CENT COUNTER. *HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR PRODUCE.*

VALENTINES STORE CO., "LIMITED," General Merchants.

UPON ITS OWN MERITS.—Holdstein's Aromanna comes before the public upon its own merits. It is a positive cure for dyspepsia, liver and kidney diseases, sick headache, heartburn, and all debility of the stomach, liver and kidneys. To convince the people that this remedy is no humbug the proprietor is giving away sample bottles free of charge. You can get one at John Harris' drug store, Bellefonte, Pa. Regular size, 25 and 75 cents.

—The more moderate temperature affords a decidedly agreeable change.

—Dress goods and dress trimmings, an immense stock, at the Bee Hive. 45-2t

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DIRECTORY

OF

BELLEFONTE BUSINESS HOUSES, ARTISANS AND MANUFACTURERS.

Bakers.

JOSEPH CEADER, 8 Bishop St.
J. H. SANDS, 23 Allegheny St., E. side.
J. SEAREFOSS, No 49 High street, Bush's Arcade.

Barbers.

M. S. GRAHAM, bath room, basement Conrad House.
R. A. BECK, under First National bank.

Books and Stationery and News Depot.

JNO. C. MILLER & CO., Humes' Block, next door to post office.

Boots and Shoes.

JNO. POWERS & SON, 43 High St.
DOLL & MINGLE, 10 Brockerhoff Row.

Bottling Establishment.

JNO. ANDERSON, 65 High St., south side.

Butchers.

JOHN BEEZER, North High street, near Centre Co. bank.
SECHLER & CO., 58 High street.

Contractors and Builders.

E. B. & F. P. GREENE, 46 Water st.

Cigars and Tobacco.

CHARLES RINE, High street, opposite depot.

Cigar Manufacturers.

H. C. WEAVER, First National bank building.

China, Glass and Queensware.

W. H. WILKINSON, 16 & 18 Allegheny street

Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade, new addition, High St.

Coal and Grain.

LAWRENCE L. BROWN, near depot.

Carriage Manufactury.

J. R. BARTRUFF, near water works.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

VALENTINES STORE CO., limited, Nos. 51 and 53 Bush Arcade, High St.
C. U. HOFFER & CO., 7 Allegheny st.

Drugs and Medicines.

DR. M. A. KIRK, 41 Bush Arcade, High St.

Furs, Hides and Leather.

ISAAC GUGGENHEIMER, Bush Arcade High St.

Furniture.

JOHN BRACHBILL, 20 Spring street.

Gunsmith—Sporting Goods.

THEO. DESCHNER, High street.

Groceries.

SECHLER & CO., 58 High St.
V. G. BAUER & CO., 6 Bishop St.

Harness Makers.

J. H. McCLURE & SON, 10 Bishop St.
JAMES SCOFIELD, 13 Spring St.

Hotels.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, C. G. McMillen, proprietor.

Dealers in and Manufacturers of Lumber.

P. R. CRIDER & SON.
PHŒNIX PLANING MILL CO.

Merchant Tailors.

W. I. FLEMING, Humes' block, Allegheny St (repairing).

Millinery.

MISS M. L. MacBRIDE, 29 Allegheny St.
MISS MARY C. AMMERMAN, 18 Bishop St.

Paints and Paper Hanging.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS, 50 High St.

Plumbers and Gas Fitters.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH, 15 Allegheny st.
JOHN BARNES, 48 High st.

Snow Shoe Coal and Coke.

BERWIND, WHITE & CO., Race St., near Bush House.

Sewing Machines and Musical Instruments.

BUNNELL & AIKENS, 1 Bishop st.

Stoves and Tinware.

W. T. TWITMIRE, 45 High st., Bush Arcade.

Watchmakers.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.
FRANK GALBRAITH, 74 High st., opp. depot.

Optician.

FRANK P. BLAIR, 4 Brockerhoff Row.

Bee Hive.

They Must Fail

What our Competitors Say.

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell Table spreads at 50c. if we have to pay 75c. for the same in large quantities?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets for $1.50 when we have to pay $2.00 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets at $3.00 when we have to pay $3.50 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell White Blankets for $6.00 when we have to pay $7.00 for them at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell School Bags at 5c. when we have to pay 15c. at wholesale?

How can the Bee-Hive afford to sell woolen Socks for 20c. when we have to pay 30c. at wholesale?

It is strange but nevertheless true.

The manufacturers and importers from whom we buy do not mind this talk, because we

BUY FOR CASH.

And our patrons certainly do not mind it, because they reap the benefit of our sacrifices. We are determined not to be undersold by anybody. We are determined to make the

Bee-Hive

a household word. We are determined to convince our patrons that there is no place in the world where they will receive better or fairer treatment than at the

Bee-Hive.

The largest stock of

DRESS GOODS,	SILKS.
VELVETS,	PLUSHES,
FLANNELS,	CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,	etc., etc.

Between Philadelphia and Pittsburg.

Ladies' Tailor-made Garments a Specialty.

Respectfully yours,
GOLDSMITH BROS.
Bellefonte, Pa,

Now is the Time

TO SECURE

YOUR OWN HOMES!

15 of the Most Desirable Lots

In the Borough of

MILESBURG,

FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.

For particulars apply to J. M. GREEN, Milesburg, or F. P. GREEN, Bellefonte, executors of JOS. GREEN, deceased. ap26d&wtf

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NOTICE.—The commissioners hereby give notice to collectors of State and County taxes, for 1882, to settle their duplicates by November court. All duplicates not settled in accordance with this notice will be placed in the hands of the attorney for immediate collection. MILES WALKER,

nov6dtw 2t Clerk.

W. H. Wilkinson.

HEADQUARTRES FOR

CROCKERY & GLASSWARE,

W. H. WILKINSON, Agent.

DEALER IN

China, Glass and Queensware, &c.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

PRICE LIST:

WHITE GRANITE, IN BEST QUALITY ONLY.

Tea Sets, handled, 58 pieces	$ 3.50
Dinner Sets, 113 pieces	12.50
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.00
Pitcher and Basin	1.00
Chamber, covered	75
Cups and saucers, per set, 12 pieces	50

C. C. WARE. BLACK STAMP.

Pitcher and basin	$ 75
Chamber, covered	50

ROCKINGHAM AND YELLOW WARE.

Tea Pots, Baking Dishes, Nappies, Bowls, Jelly Moulds, &c., &c

THIN PORCELAIN WARE (best imitation of French China).

Dinner sets, 125 pieces, the handsomest set in market.. $ 16.00

Any number of pieces sold in either PORCELAIN or GRANITE. We carry a full assortment in both.

FRENCH CHINA.

Tea Sets, in plain China, Gold band, Gold lines, decorated with flowers, &c., &., at $6.50, $9.00 $10.00, $11.00, $12.00, and $15.00.

DECORATED WARE. ENGLISH GOODS.

Tea Sets, decorated in Blue, Brown or Black, 56 pieces..	$ 4.25
Dinner Sets, 128 pieces	20.00
Chamber Sets, 10 pieces	3.50

Our stock of DECORATED CHAMBER SETS will be found very complete. We show 20 different styles from $3.50 to $20.00

ENGLISH MAJOLICA—FULL ASSORTMENT

TABLE GLASSWARE.

Full stock in all styles and quality, from plain glass to finest crystal imported. A good Tumbler 4c., do Goblet 6c; a Handsome Glass Set, 4 pieces, 35c.; a very pretty Glass Castor, 4 bottles, 75c., and numerous other useful and ornamental articles at equally low prices.

FANCY GOODS.

IN CHINA, MAJOLICA, JAPANESE and ENAMELED WARE, COLORED GLASS, &c., CONSISTING OF AFTER DINNER COFFEE SETS, HANDSOME TACES, WINE SETS, WATER SETS, FRUIT SETS, ICE CREAM and BERRY SETS, CUPS AND SAUCERS, FRUIT PLATES, NUT TRAYS, SALADS, CELERY GLASSES CELERY TRAYS, (new) PICKLES, SALT and PEPPERS, INDIVIDUAL BUTTERS, TEA POTS, SPOON HOLDERS, TEA POT TILES, SUGAR BOWLS, CREAMS, BOWLS, BUTTER DISH, FRUIT SAUCERS, MUSTARD CUPS, PITCHERS, SYRUP JUGS, OYSTER PLATES, FISH SETS, BREAD AND MILK SETS, CANDLE STICKS, MATCH BOXES, FLOWER STANDS, JARDENIERS, CUSPADORES, ASH RECEIVERS, &c., &c., &c.

GOODS PACKED AND DELIVERED AT DEPOT WITHOUT CHARGE.

15 28 3m

Miscellaneous.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Worth township, on the 18th day of October, 1883, a heifer about two years old, sides dark brindle, back white, white spot in face, notch cut out of right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away or she will be disposed of according to law.

15-44-3t JAMES ARDERY.

POETS Burns, 80c., Byron, 80c., Mrs. Browning, 85c., Campbell, 40c., Chaucer, 60c., Coleridge, 60c., Cowper, 60c., Dante, 80c., Dryden, 80c., Goethe, 70c., Goldsmith, 80c., Hemans, 80c., Iliad and Odyssey, 70c., Hood, 50c., Ingelow, 50c, Keats, 40c., Meredith, 80c., Milton, 50c., Moore, 60c., Pope, 50c., Poe, 40c., Schiller, 40c., Scott, 50c., Tennyson, 60c., Virgil, 40c., AND OTHERS. FINE CLOTH BINDING. Sent for EXAMINATION BEFORE PAYMENT on evidence of good faith. Catalogue free. NOT sold by dealers. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 18 Vesey St., New York. 15 45 4t

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Miscellaneous.

WANTED Reliable, energetic men to sell our beautiful ALBUMS and BIBLES. (Sell readily at this season.) Also GATELY'S UNIVERSAL EDUCATOR (best book of forms published,) Liberal inducements. Address at once E. GATELY & CO., 630 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 15-45-4t

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ESTRAY.—Came trespassing on the premises of the subscriber in Huston township, Centre county, Pa., on or about the 6th day of October, 1883, two stray steers, one marked with hole in left ear, supposed to be 1½ years old. The other a roan; white and black belly; no ear marks as seen. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away, or they will be disposed of according to law.

MESH WILLIAMS.

Martha, Pa., Oct. 27, '83. 15 42 3t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Shenandoah Swept by Flames.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Nov. 12.—Fire broke out at noon to-day in the United States hotel, a large three story frame structure, corner of Main and Centre streets. The wind was blowing a hurricane at the time, which continued during the afternoon. The building was soon enveloped in flames which communicated with a block on the opposite side of the street, and at 3 o'clock sixteen street fronts were destroyed, including the United States hotel, Odd Fellows' hall, Academy of Music, the *Herald* office row and opera house, Mining *Herald* and Saturday *Evening News* office. Assistance was telegraphed for, which was responded to from Pottsville, Ashland, Girardville, Tamaqua, Mahonoy City and other places. Over two hundred and fifty families are homeless, having lost everything. The loss is variously estimated at from $750,000 to $1,000,000. It is utterly impossible to give the amount of insurance, but it is supposed to be large. But few serious accidents happened. One young man named George Henton, on his way home, in attempting to jump on a passing engine, had both legs taken off. He will die. A special meeting of counsel and citizens was held this evening, when the following appeal to the public was drawn up:

A terrible holocaust has swept this town. Two hundred fifty families are homeless to night and most of them have lost all and are without provisions or a change of clothing. The weather is bitter cold and a strong northwest gale is still blowing. Everything possible for their immediate relief is being done, but we must have help. Who will aid us and give at once. A relief committee with John Cathers as treasurer has been appointed and will receive all contributions of supplies, clothing or money.

[Signed]

D. J. WILLIAMS, Chief Burgess.
J. J. POWELL, President Council.
JOHN CARDIN, Secretary.
Abraham Long, John Thomas, Louis Reed John Hughes, Joseph Knipple Patrick Ormsby, John Halen, Patrick Sheey, J. Foster, M. E. Doyle.

The burned district comprises an area of twenty acres. Upon this stood upwards of one hundred buildings, public and private, besides stables and minor structures, every vestige of which was burned to the ground. Among the buildings burned were the Presbyterian and Methodist churches, both fine structures, and Ferguson's hall.

After the Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—A special dispatch received from Shenandoah to-day says the streets of Shenandoah are crowded with people viewing the ruins made by the great fire yesterday. The burned district covers an area of five acres. A person walking over the ground cannot at first realize what street he is on when passing through. The ruins are smouldering and emitting an unhealthy odor where several of the butcher shops were situated. The work of rebuilding has begun in a great many parts of the burned district, showing that there is some hope of placing Shenandoah as it was a few hours before the fire.

While your representative was passing through the streets of the burned district he saw dozens of business men, many of whom lost everything, standing at their once business places shedding tears. The majority of the business houses had no insurance upon buildings or stock, therefore losing everything. One bad feature of the fire was that at places where liquor was sold their contents were emptied on the street and nearly all stolen by roughs, causing a great deal of drunkenness and annoyance to the better class of citizens and which was condemned in the highest terms.

Mrs. Philip Wolf, who was rescued from a burning building by a fireman, at the peril of his life, died this morning from fright. Her husband, who lost all he had, is almost frantic with grief. George Heaton, who had his legs cut off, died this morning. He suffered intense agony. George Whitaker had his leg broken this morning while removing some articles from the burning ruins. Patrick Delaney, who lost his store and furniture, was so overcome by grief and freight that he is in a precarious condition and cannot recover. Jerry O'Neil, one of the bravest firemen of this place, received serious injuries this morning.

By actual count of Chief Burgess Daniel Williams two hundred houses were destroyed and five hundred families made homeless and destitute causing a loss of $550,000. Joseph Robbins started building a row of houses for the poorer class of citizens this morning. So far the treasurer of the relief committee has received about $100,000 and several car loads of provision. Clothing and blankets are most needed. Among the contributions received was $5,900 from the Reading railroad company; $1,000 from the Lehigh Valley, $500 each from Eckley B. Cox and P. W. Sheaffer.

The Marshall Statue.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The marble statue of Chief Justice Marshall, towards which members of the Philadelphia bar contributed $20,000 and Congress appropriated a like sum, is expected in Washington early in December. Mr. Story, the sculptor whose work it is, has announced to the committee in Philadelphia that it will be delivered at that time and expressed the hope that the foundation and pedestal would be ready for it. But a site for the statue has not yet been decided upon. The intention is to place it somewhere near the Capitol building in the grounds, but where to put it so as to show it to advantage is not so easy to decide. The artist approves a suggestion made to place it immediately in front of the centre of the Capitol on the west side, on the terrace between the two proposed grand stairways, near where the fish pond now is. But Mr. Storey insists that it must face the building and have a wall or screen of its own for a background, a suggestion quite in accordance with classical precedent, but which the official mind does not quite comprehend.

Highwaymen Attacking a Car Driver.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 12.—Two masked men attacked a street-car driver named August Gratbe at Bay View, a suburb of this city, last night. Gratbe had reached the southwestern terminus of his route and drove on to the turntable. While in the act of doing this two men stepped up and presented a revolver at his head, demanding the cash-box. Both had the lower portions of their faces disguised with handkerchiefs. Grathe refused to deliver the box and struck at the men with the stock of his whip. Thereu on one of the fellows fired two shots. One ball entered Gratbe's cheek and passing under the nose lodged under the right eye. The second shot took effect under his right shoulder-blade. The footpads then turned and ran, in what direction Gratbe did not notice. Gratbe is fatally wounded.

The Mexican Excursionists.

ST. LOUIS, November 14—The Mexican excursionists arrived here this morning in charge of a special committee, and were quartered at the Southern hotel. Later they were given a reception at the Mexican commercial exchange, where a welcoming address in Spanish was made by John F. Cahill, Mexican consul in this city. The party were then taken to the new custom house, a number of large business houses, and the Bridge, Cotton and Merchants' exchanges, where they were cordially received and introduced to members.

A Murderer Singing and Dancing in His Cell.

INDIANA, Pa., Nov. 13.—Sarver, who killed his father on Saturday last and also attempted to take the lives of the housekeeper Mary Kelly, shows no signs of remorse or fear. This morning he was singing and dancing in his cell and said they could never hang him, because "he was a Democrat; so was Governor Pattison." The prisoner is not believed to be insane. The Kelley girl is still living, with chances of her recovery. Her testimony has been taken and shows conclusively that the murder was premeditated.

Wanted to Lynch Him.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Nov. 12.—A mob of citizens has made an attempt to lynch Jacob Noble, who inflicted fatal injuries on John C. Audler at Scottdale Sunday night with a hatchet. He is a bad character and his purpose was robbery, as Audler was known to have a large sum of money on his person. Noble was captured at a neighbor's house, and the women in the neighborhood forced their way to him with clothes lines, but the officers succeeded in placing him safely in jail.

Corn and Potatoes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Department of Agriculture reports that the corn crop of the country is about 1,600,000,000 bushels. The product is about 40,000,000 bushels short of the previous crop, notwithstanding the increase of area. This is the third in succession below an average yield. The best quality and largest yields of the season are in the Missouri Valley. The potato crop is large, amounting to about 175,000,000 bushels.

Poisoned by Mistake.

WILKESBARRE, Nov. 12.—Mrs. John Shepherd, residing in Huntington township, feeling unwell last night, thought she would take a dose of jamaica ginger. She went to a bottle containing it, as she supposed, but instead got a bottle of poison and took a dose of that. She died in great agony three hours afterward.

A New Form of Burglary.

CORK, Nov. 12.—Ten disguised men, some armed with revolvers, attacked the house of a farmer named Horgan, at Cowlavanny, in the county of Cork, near daylight this morning and demanded his money and gun. Horgan fired upon his assailants, wounding one. Four of the others were arrested.

State Legislation.

HARRISBURG, November 13.—In the house to-night the committee on appropriations for members pay made their report. The sum is $326,946.73. The bill will be put on second reading to-morrow.

In the Senate to-day $1,150 was raised for the Shenandoah sufferers.

WONDERFUL REVELATIONS.

They Shock the Civilized World.

But Sunbeams of Good Fructify and Prove a Blessing to All Nations—The American People First to Receive Their Benign Influence.

Two of Esculapus' most distinguished sages, natives of Germany, and life long teachers of medicine, Drs. Krauffleman and Schoniwin, have been devoting their time during the past three years to comparing the effect upon disease, what Drs. Ahn, Professors of the metaphysical College of Boston, call metaphysical process, with the effect of medicine. Numerous thorough experiments convinced them there was no beneficial effect in medicine except the metaphysical influence over disease was greater when administering sugar than when giving the medicines usually prescribed by physician's. They did, however, notice that quinine in malariarious fevers, and iodide of potassium in certain specific diseases, exerted an influence over those complaints greater in degree than that of sugar. It was suggested that the various patent and proprietory medicines should be examined and compared with sugar, in the same way. This was done and they too, rapidly shared the same fate as the physician's drugs excepting those containing quinine and iodide of potassium, which too showed an influence over disease similar to those drugs used by themselves, but less in degree. The list being about exhausted they finally came upon PERUNA; their experiment with this article was most striking and in the highest degree exciting. Its effect could in no wise be compared with that of sugar nor with Dr. Ahn's metaphysical process. Its effect was immediate and positive, as was shown in the case of Miss Maggie Martin, of Oil City, Pa., who had been a terrible sufferer from dyspepsia, liver complaint and kidney disease, sympathetically affecting all the pelvic functions. The best physicians and every thing else had utterly failed. She was then given PERUNA and in due time recovered perfectly. So with T. P. Dukehart's (superintendant of the B. & O. R. R. Co's hotels and now conductor) case. All the best physicians and everything they could do or have done, failed to relieve that terrific and indescribable malaria dullness of the head. One bottle of PERUNA cured him and also cured his son of diptheria. W. S. Jenkins, of Salem, O., was an indescribable sufferer from nervous prostration, dyspepsia and constipation, caused by a sunstroke. The physicians thought since everything else had failed, he might try PERUNA. He did so and it perfectly cured him.

But to cap the climax and prove beyond doubt the wonderful efficacy of PERUNA, the physician recomended it to Mrs. T. S. Eberline, of 274 Market street, Allegheny City, Pa., now living at Keokuk, Iowa. Mrs Eberline had been sick for years and finally passed into consumption. The physicians who attended her, were among the very best in the city. They done everything that the most gifted among them were capable of doing and honorably told her that nothing more could be done, that she could not live over that night. About midnight death began to close the suffering of the good wife and dutiful mother, and as the friends and family were gathered around the bed in tears to witness her passage to eternity; the physician suddenly entered and softly whispered, "get PERUNA, quickly, hurry!" It was brought and though the breathing had almost ceased, her lips were livid, finger nails blue, the pulse had ceased at the wrist. Oh! sighed the friends, it is too late, do not trouble her any longer, but she swallowed a little, rallied and expectorated a great mouthful; she breathed easier, she swallowed a little more and again she raised more phlegm; the breath improved, the by-standers took courage and they persevered with the PERUNA until she was surely better. The pulse returned, the circulation was re-established, the lips and nails became natural, after which a teaspoon full of the PERUNA every hour was administered and she continued to improve. In a few days she sat up, in two weeks she was the heartiest eater in the house, and in 3 months she was perfectly well. Who is not convinced of the unequaled worth of PERUNA. For affidavits and signatures of the truthfulness of this statement of Mrs. Everline's case, see the "Ills of Life," and how to cure them, gratis of any druggists.

Oil Works Burned.

NORRISTOWN, Nov. 13.—The Slemmer Bros.' oil works were destroyed by fire this evening, together with fifteen tanks containing 6,000 barrels of oil and all the machinery. Loss, $75,000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth! If so, send at once and get a bottle of **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething.** Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. **Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething** is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. 15 22 1y

DECLINE OF MAN.—Nervous weakness, dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." $1.

A Terrible Tragedy in Indiana County.

INDIANA, Pa., November 12.—At West Lebanon, twelve miles southwest from here, on Saturday evening Joseph Sarper shot his father twice, first in the arm and again through the head, killing him instantly. He then entered the house and told Mary Kelly, the housekeeper, that he had killed his father and would kill her. He then shot her in the arm and face, inflicting probably fatal wounds. Saber fled but was captured and lodged in jail yesterday. He denied the crime, but the evidence against him is overwhelming.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhaps, of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a million bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. For sale by John Harris.

Driven to Suicide.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 13.—Mary Russell, 18 years old, committed suicide this evening by taking arsenic. Before swallowing the poison she informed her father of her intention, and stated at the same time that she was driven to it by the cruel treatment of her brothers.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? If you think so, call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by John Harris.

It is with narrow-souled people as with narrow-necked bottles; the less they have in them the more noise they make in pouring out.

GET IT SURE!—Wells' "Rough on Rats" Almanac, at druggists, or mailed for 2c. stamp. E. S. WELLS, Jersey City.

He whose first emotion, on the view of an excellent production, is to under value it, will never have one of his own to show.

MOTHER SWAN'S WORM SYRUP.—Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. 25c.

A man in New York city has a habit of saying: "I'll bet you two cents." He is now frequently mistaken for a New York editor.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE

Miscellaneous.

The Best BUTTER
For COLOR and SWEETNESS Use BEAN'S CONCENTRATED Extract of Annatto.
Nature's own Color. Brightest and Strongest. Buy of your Merchant, or send 25 cts. in stamps for a sample, coloring 500 lbs. to BEAN, RABE & CO., No. 835 Market St., PHILAD'A.

ROMANCE AND TRAGEDY OF PIONEER LIFE

A magnificent account of the Heroic and Adventurous, by Hair Valor and Fortitude, of the Settlers from civilization and gave the American forests to the plow and the sickle.

By A. L. RASON with an introduction by Dr. J. C. RUPPATH. Illust's. Specimen pp. 100 pp. 10 magnificent 12 pp. NATIONAL PUB. Co. Jones Bros. & Co. CINCINNATI, O.

15-21-1y 15 43 2m

WISE people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address, STINSON & Co., Portland Maine. jan1 d6mawly

TO PRESERVE THE HEALTH
Use the Magneton Appliance Co.'s
Magnetic Lung Protector!
Price Only $5.

They are priceless to LADIES, GENTLEMEN and CHILDREN with WEAK LUNGS; no case of Pneumonia or Croup is known where these garments are worn. They also prevent and cure *Heart Difficulties, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Throat Troubles, Diphtheria, Catarrh, and all kindred diseases.* Will *wear* any service for *three years.* Are worn over the under clothing.

Catarrh. It is needless to describe the symptoms of this nauseous disease that is sapping the life and strength of only too many of the fairest and best of both sexes. Labor, study and research in America, Europe and Eastern lands have resulted in the Magnetic Lung Protector, affording cure for Catarrh, a remedy which contains NO DRUGGING OF THE SYSTEM, and with the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the afflicted organs must restore them to a healthy action. We place our price for this Appliance at less than one twentieth of the price asked by others for remedies upon which you take all the chances, and *we especially invite* the patronage of the many persons who have tried drugging their stomachs without effect.

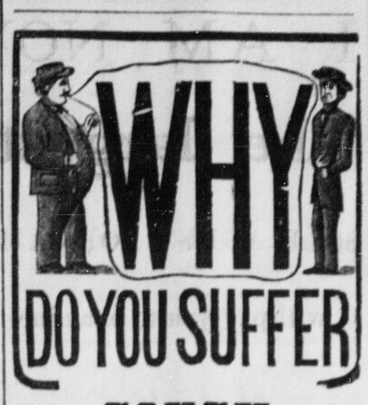
How to Obtain This Appliance. Go to your druggist and ask for them. If they have not got them, write to the proprietors, enclosing the price in letter at our risk, and they will be sent to you at once by mail, post paid.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical treatment WITHOUT MEDICINE," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETON APPLIANCE CO.,
218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively *no cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.*

Miscellaneous.



With that COUGH when there is a remedy at hand so **pleasant**, so **certain**, and so **safe**, that the most delicate child may take it without danger. It is called

GREEN'S Comp. Syrup of
TAR, HONEY & BLOODROOT

It contains all the virtues of Tar in a *concentrated* form, combined with the best **Expectorants** and **Anodynes**, the whole prepared without the aid of heat, forming the BEST KNOWN REMEDY for all affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Try one bottle and be convinced. Price 50 **cents** per bottle. Manufactured only by

F. POTTS GREEN, BELLEFONTE, PA

J. A. HARRIS & CO., DEALERS IN Hardware and Stoves, BELLEFONTE, PA. A First-Class Tin Shop in connection with the Establishment.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength nd security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY
FIRE AND LIGHTNING.
9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER
Furst's Building.) High street,-Bellefonte

AGENTS WANTED for the New Book,
DEEDS OF DARING
By BLUE AND GRAY.

The great collection of the most thrilling personal adventures on both sides during the great Civil War. Intensely interesting accounts of scouts and spies forlorn hopes, heroic bravery, imprisonments and hairbreadth escapes, romantic incidents, hand-to-hand struggles, humerous and tragic events, perilous journeys, bold dashes, brilliant successes and magnanimous actions on each side the line. 70 chapters, PROFUSELY ILLUSTRATED to the life. No other book at all like it. Outsells everything. Address

SCAMMELL & CO.,
aug29 6m Philadelphia, Pa.

DISEASE CURED
Without Medicine.
A Valuable Discovery for supplying Magnetism to the Human System. Electricity and Magnetism utilized as never before for Healing the Sick.

THE MAGNETION APPLIANCE CO.'S
Magnetic Kidney Belt
FOR MEN IS
WARRANTED TO CURE OR MONEY REFUNDED, the following diseases without medicine:—*Pain in the Back Hips, Head or Limbs, Nervous Debility, Lumbago, General Debility Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Diseases of the Kidneys, Spinal Diseases, Torpid Liver, Gout, Seminal Emissions, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Erysipelas, Indigestion, Hernia or Rupture, Catarrh, Piles, Epilepsy, Dumb Ague etc*

When any debility of the GENERATIVE ORGANS occurs, Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Wasting Weakness and all those Diseases of a personal nature, from whatever cause, the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the parts, must restore them to a healthy action. There is no mistake about this appliance.

TO THE LADIES:—If you are afflicted with *Lame Back, Weakness of the Spine, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, Barrenness, and Change of Life, this is the best Appliance and Curative Agent known.*

For all forms of FEMALE DIFFICULTIES it is unsurpassed by anything before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitalization.

Price of either Belt with Magnetic Insoles, $10, sent by express C. O. D., and examination allowed, or by mail on receipt of price. In ordering send measure of waist and size of shoe. Remittance can be made in currency, sent in letter at our risk.

The Magneton Garments are adapted to all ages, are worn over the under-clothing, (not next the body like the many Galvanic and Electrical Humbugs advertised so extensively), and should be taken off at night. They hold their POWER FOREVER, and are worn at all seasons of the year.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment without Medicine," with thousands of testimonials.

THE MAGNETION APPLIANCE CO.,
218 State Street, Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively no cold feet where they are worn or money refunded.

Railroads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table May 14, 1882.

WESTWARD	Exp A.M.	Mail P.M.
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 13
Fowler	6 39	6 06
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 30
East Tyrone	7 37	8 37
Vail	7 40	8 40
Bald Eagle	7 45	8 45
Fowler	7 54	8 56
Hannah	7 57	8 59
Port Matilda	8 05	9 09
Martha	8 13	9 17
Julian	8 23	9 26
Unionville	8 33	9 37
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 47
Milesburg	8 45	9 50
Bellefonte	8 55	10 00
Milesburg	9 05	10 10
Curtin	9 15	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 19	10 23
Howard	9 26	10 32
Eagleville	9 36	10 42
Beech Creek	9 40	10 46
Mill Hall	9 52	10 58
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after May 14, 1883.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4.13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6.20 a m

Leaves Bellefonte 9.30 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.04 a m

Leaves Snow Shoe 3.50 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.38 p m

Leaves Bellefonte 8.10 p m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10.40 p m

S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, May 14, 1883.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 15	5 40
Hostler	1 25	5 50
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loveville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 46
West n Mill f	2 25	6 58
L. and T. Junc	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed. A. M.
Leave Tyrone	4 00	9 20
L. & T. Junc	4 04	9 25
Weston Mill	4 14	9 33
Pennington	4 31	9 48
Warriors Mark	4 42	9 58
Furnace Road	4 57	10 12
Loveville	5 02	10 16
Marengo	5 07	10 22
Hostler	5 17	10 35
Penn's Furnace	5 27	10 44
Fairbrook	5 47	11 03
Scotia	6 20	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Monday, Oct. 9, 1883:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 20 p m
" " Harrisburg		4 20 a m
" " Williamsport		8 40 a m
" " Jersey Shore		9 09 a m
" " Lock Haven		9 40 a m
" " Renovo		11 05 a m
arr at Erie		7 45 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 15 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 50 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 55 p m
" " Renovo		5 15 p m
" " Kane		9 03 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 05 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 06 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 25 p m
" " Williamsport		7 15 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 15 p m
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXP. leaves L. H.		6 50 a m
" " Williamsport		7 55 a m
arr at Harrisburg		11 30 a m
" Philadelphia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP. leaves Kane		6 00 a m
" " Renovo		10 05 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 25 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 53 p m
" " Philadelphia		7 25 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		11 15 a m
" " Renovo		9 25 p m
" " Lock Haven		10 40 p m
" " Williamsport		12 40 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		4 05 a m
" " Philadelphia		7 50 a m

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R.R.; at Corry with R. P. & W. R. R.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R.R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R.R.

T. GUCKER, Gen'l Supt.

Hop Bitters

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever."

"My doctor pronounced me cured but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I

Could not move!
I shrunk!

From 228 lbs. to 120 I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles I am not only as sound as a sovereign but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life."

R. FITZPATRICK.

Dublin, June 6, '81.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache."

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure until I used Hop Bitters.

"The first bottle
Nearly cured me;"

The second made me as well and strong as when a child,

"And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invrlid for twenty years with a serious

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint,

Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—

Incurable!"

Seven bottles of your bitters cured him, and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons"

In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more are using them with great benefit.

"They almost
Do miracles!" —MRS. E. D. SLACK.

HOW TO GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know *how to get well*, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—Thanksgiving draws so near that the gobbler roosts high.

—The trench diggers have reached Bishop street on their way along Allegheny.

—Will Bellefonte make any contribution to aid sufferers by the Shenandoah fire?

—E. Randall, the Evangelist, is now in Lock Haven. His experience in Bellefonte was brief.

—Look out for showers of stars. This is the season of the year when they are most numerous.

—A meeting of the directors of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad was held in Philadelphia last Thursday.

—Some of the freight cars which came into Bellefonte on Monday were covered a couple of inches deep with snow.

—The State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry of Pennsylvania, will meet in Harrisburg December 12, 13 and 14.

—A few days ago the Nail Factory boom in Lock Haven was said to be worth $10,000. It is now thought to be only an "idea."

—The part of the public that visits the barber shops oftenest are great newspaper readers and frequently read the newspapers all to pieces.

—Simeon Haupt, James Alexander and others who were last week on the mountains in search of game, had, we are informed, already killed four deer.

—Hon. L. A. Mackey is a decidedly enthusiastic sort of an individual and will probably push to completion the railroads in which he is specially interested.

—Bellefonte Presbyterians are living witnesses to the truth that people can attend church twice each day and not miss many of their business engagements.

—The Pennsylvania railroad company has given orders for the construction of 1,000 gondola cars to be used in the transportation of coal from the Clearfield region.

—Somebody mailed a letter the other day which is addressed, as near as we can quote, as follows: "The Berger Engel Brewing Co., No. 32nd Thompson St." It awaits a more expficit address.

—The Executive Committee of the State Teacher's Associations of Pennsylvania and Ohio are making arrangements for the joint meeting of the two associations at Chatauqua next Summer.

—The information regarding the fire at Unionville Tuesday evening was telephoned to this place and those who had telephones kept themselves informed in regard to its progress until quite a late hour.

—Mr. William Stroub, an employe of Wm. P. Duncan & Co., became suddenly and quite seriously ill on Monday, the 12th. His illness is much like paralysis although it is not thought to be a real paralytic stroke. Dr. Dartt is attending him.

—The M. E. church at Mackeyville, Clinton county, will be dedicated on Sunday, November 25. Rev. C. C. McCabe, Corresponding Secretary of Church Extension Society, will be present. He will lecture on Saturday evening, the 24th, on the "Bright Side of Libby Prison."

—The beautiful chrysanthemum blossoms drooped on the 1th inst. for the first time this season. They can endure Jack Frost's ordinary visits without flinching, but when the mercury falls far below the freezing point they too succumb. When they are vanished, good bye to out door flowers.

—Amelia Wells, a well known young lady of this borough, died at her home on the corner of Lamb and Spring streets on Saturday afternoon, November 10, of consumption. The same disease had proved fatal to several members of the family to which she belonged. Miss Wells' funeral occurred on Monday, the 12th.

—Items from Howard in the L. H. *Journal* say Rev. Mr. Wallace, of the Evangelical church, will soon deliver two lectures, one on the death of Lincoln and the other on the death of Garfield for benefit of G. A. R., Post. Also that twelve seekers for truth came forward on Sunday evening, the 11th, in Fair View church.

—Adam Hoy, Esq., on Monday, the 12th, received his appointment from Governor Pattison as President Judge of the 49th judicial district. As a consequence, his office was thronged that evening by an admiring company of Democrats—and Republicans, too—all anxious to shake the judicial hand and to extend their congratulations. As it was absolutely necessary that this honor should fall on a Democrat, we are well pleased that the fortunate man is Mr. Hoy. We wish him ever so much joy during the one brief year in which he wears the judicial ermine.

Sheriff Dunkle's Weight.

On Wednesday morning of last week, Miles Walker, Sheriff Dunkle and other worthy Democrats were seated in one of the cozy offices in the Court House discussing the probability of Judge Adam Hoy being able to fill (corporeally, of course,) the judge's chair in the Court House, heretofore occupied by Judge Orvis. Some were of opinion that he would fill it as completely as Judge Orvis and others expressed a contrary belief. At last, when a favorable moment arrived, Judge Hoy was interrogated in regard to his weight and the information elicited that it is 152 pounds. After this the individual weight of the party was discussed and they resorted to Garman's Hotel to discover how near Walker's weight would reach 180lbs and if the Sheriff would tip the beam at 145. Walker mounted the scales first and proved to the assembled party that 180 lbs was his exact avoirdupois. Then the Sheriff perched himself on the scales, but notwithstanding his most desperate efforts to inhale all the oxygen he could, 105 lbs was all the scales would register. The Sheriff didn't get angry and denounce the scales as incorrect, but instead he grew very pale and after he had leaned up against the counter of the Garman House office to support himself he feebly said: "Well, boys, I do believe it's so; I've been suspecting it all along. If you only knew how little I've eaten this summer. Since last June I haven't been able to eat more than two square meals. Just go up to the house and ask the women folks. Don't tell them my weight, but just ask them about my appetite. Now if it wasn't for the little— — —I believe I would be dead."

Harper requested the Sheriff to step on the scales and try it again, which he did. But again he could scarce believe his eyes when he found that the weight indicated 145 pounds—his old weight. Then the wicked jokers around him explained that they had held the beam while the first test was being made, which accounted for the apparent discrepancy.

But our informant tells us that if the joke hadn't been explained to the Sheriff the consequences might have been serious. The revulsion of feeling when a 145-lb. man finds he weighs only 105 lbs. is remarkable. The Sheriff steps around with his usual sprightliness this afternoon, but it is not safe to interrogate him about his weight with his overcoat and stockings on.

FIGHTING THE FLAMES.

A Fire on Tuesday Night that Threatened to Destroy the Village of Unionville.

On Tuesday evening, November 13th, at about 9.30 o'clock flames were observed issuing from the tannery building of B. F. Leathers & Son, at Unionville. The building is located in the western end of the town and the wind was blowing a gale. There are no appliances for extinguishing fire in Unionville and it was at once apparent that the tannery would be destroyed. The flames burned with frightful rapidity and at 10 o'clock it seemed as if the entire town would share in the general destruction. Everybody went to work with buckets to save their own property, and although at one time twelve different buildings were in flames, including a church, the hotel and school house, they were all saved with only slight damage, except a stable which was connected with the tannery. It is said that the cinders and sparks were carried so far that the frame house of Wm. P. Fisher, located three-fourths of a mile from the scene of the conflagration, was set on fire, but it also was extinguished.

The fire originated in the room in which the bark is ground in the main part of the tannery. It was the work of an incendiary as there has been no fire in the tannery for the past four weeks. The loss of the Messrs. Leathers is about $7,000, on which there was an insurance for $3,500. The burning of 400 tons of bark was the most important loss.

Six men were regularly employed in the tannery, which had been kept in steady operation until quite recently. While we sympathize with the owners on the heavy loss they sustained, which will seriously affect the whole town, yet we congratulate the citizens on the fact that their exertions averted what might have been a much more serious loss, and saved the "temperance town" from destruction. We suppose that the Messrs. Leathers, who are enterprising business men, will rebuild the tannery.

—The marriage of Mr. E. T. Gallagar to Miss Ellie Hogan is announced to take place at no distant date. We tender our congratulations in advance. —*Renovo News.*

If that means the good-looking ex-Foreman of the Spring creek bridge we unite our congratulations with those which are extended above.

Neighborhood News.

A colored man named Charles Graham was seriously, perhaps fatally, injured on the railroad at Altoona Monday night of last week.

Rev. Martin Ryan, of St. Augustine, Cambria county, is to succeed the late Rev. Thomas Ryan as pastor of St. John's Catholic church, Altoona.

Hattie Collins, the runaway Williamsport girl alluded to recently in these columns, has been heard from. She went to Harrisburg with a man who promised to marry her but he skipped away before fulfilling his promise.

Williamsport wants more information on the Edison electric light subject.

The Lock Haven *Democrat* is issued on Sunday instead of Monday morning.

Rev. Joseph Nesbitt, of the Presbyterian church, Lock Haven, is the author of an excellent essay on the "Life and character of Martin Luther."

The statement that the Pennsylvania railroad company will adopt the system of counting time up till 24 o'clock is premature, says the Altoona *Tribune*. We are informed that the project has been indefinitely postponed. What the company has decided on is the adoption of the 75th meridian or eastern time, as the standard time for their division. It will probably go into effect next Sunday.

Horse Shoes in a Public School.

Two dried-up, antiquated physicians of Williamsport visited the public schools of that city last week and, among many criticisms which seem to contain sound sense, gave vent to the following absurd remarks about some horse shoes which ornamented the walls:

"The rooms," they said, "were pleasant, but with all the general order and discipline, we cannot refrain from remarks, for superstition and learning will not amalgamate. Then view the blackboard and whatever ornaments on the wall may attract your attention, and when thus satisfied look above and on either side the door which gave you ingress, and you will observe suspended on small red tapes, ornamented with bows, six old worn-out horseshoes pasted over with silver or a little gold paper, in a variegated manner, to give dignity to the force of superstition. The absurdity and mental weakness thus exhibited in a public school, to believe in horseshoe mysticism, is not appreciated by the general public."

Thank our lucky stars, there are no school directors in Bellefonte so cross-grained and straight-laced as to criticise teachers and pupils because they have sufficient æsthetic taste to ornament the walls with horseshoes. What's the matter down there?

A Legal Partnership.

Judge Orvis is to become a partner of Senator Wallace in the practice of the law and together what a remarkable aggregation of talent they will make! They will open an office in Clearfield and also one in this place and if they can't manage to be in both places at once clients can consult them by telephone. Judge Orvis, in addition to his knowledge of the law, has a wonderful memory and when he is through with the evidence of a case all the leading facts concerning it are fixed in his mind, and he can deliver them at a jury so much like hot shot that all efforts of the opposing counsel to dislodge them are futile. To be sure, Judge Orvis will spend part of his time hunting for deer and Senator Wallace will spend the greater part of his hunting for the right road to the U. S. Senate, but nevertheless they will each try to give a little attention to home affairs.

The Wind's Work.

On the 12th the strong wind which prevailed lifted one of the trap doors on the roof of Humes' building from its fastenings, which, descending along the roof, broke off part of the iron ornamentation from around the flag-staff over the bank entrance and then crashed into the street below. The falling missiles made considerable noise, but did not injure anyone.

A tree on Spring street near Mrs. Wagner's residence was split in two by the wind, one part of it now lying prostrate on the street.

Thomas Meyers' barn, located up Buffalo Run, was damaged slightly. The roof was blown off by one of the fierce gales which prevailed during the afternoon. We understand that no one was injured.

—A valuable cow belonging to P. G. Meek died on the 11th inst. from the effects of eating too many potatoes. The animal obtained the potatoes from a car load of them belonging to Mr. Sechler. Ed. Burnell tried to cure her, but the potatoes were too much for the cow and she laid down and died. We are sorry to hear of Mr. Meek's loss

News from Karthaus.

MR. EDITOR: Mr. John J. B. Orr, recently of Snow Snoe, is now operating a meat market at Karthaus, Clearfield county.

Two Hebrew peddlers, named Ginsburger and Arnold, arrived in Karthaus from Clearfield on Saturday evening. They rode in a wagon which contained a huge pile of trunks belonging to them. In turning, their wagon capsized and threw them all—peddlers and trunks—into the street. For a short time it was feared that the poor peddlers were killed. "Help me!" Pull me out from under this trunk!" &c., were the exclamations heard from them. But when willing hands at last succeeded in extricat them them they were found to be all right.

Karthaus has about as many physicians to the square inch as any other town we know of. Among the recent acquisitions of this sort is Dr. Snyder, formerly of Driftwood, who will make Karthaus his future place of residence.

S. B. Burley left Karthaus on Saturday afternoon, November 10, to visit his family in Tyrone. He will remain a few days. He is at present engaged in superintending the erection of the inclined plane for Mr. John Whitehead, which is making rapid progress. In about ten days they will have everything ready for shipping coal via. the P. R. R.

***

KARTHAUS, Clearfield Co., Nov. 12.

New Hours for Bellefonters.

Our people who formerly took dinner at 1 o'clock will, under the new system of counting time, perform that agreeable duty at 13 o'clock, and will return to their business places at 14 o'clock.

Afternoon meetings will generally be held at 14.30 o'clock.

The banks will close at 15 o'clock and the banker will be able to take his usual pleasure drive about 16 o'clock.

The usual crowds will gather at the depot to see the train come in at 17 o'clock.

At 18 o'clock supper will attract the the weary laborer home again.

At about 20 o'clock the average young man will go to see his girl, and if his courtship is successful he will remain until after 24 o'clock.

Most of the quiet citizens will retire to rest sometime between 21 and 22 o'clock, and in their dreams they will forget all about the troublesome, soulless corporations that make such ridiculous changes in the method of keeping time.

—Superintendent Dudley, of the pension bureau, warns pensioners against being misled by the seductive circular of the claim agents, unless they feel absolutely certain that they are not receiving their just dues at present, as a re-examination may result in a decrease instead of an increase in the pension already received. The attention of the commissioner has been called to an editorial in a western New York paper, suggesting that the Grand Army of the Republic and similar organizations should go over the list of names in their districts and ascertain, if possible, whether or not any on the list are obtaining pensions under misrepresentation. General Dudley says the idea is an excellent one, and if adopted by the veterans' associations throughout the country it would greatly aid the pension office in detecting fraud.

Winter Fashion Notes.

From Godey's Ladys Book:

Long cloaks are the most fashionable for winter.

New Jerseys have a border of chenille ruches.

Velvet ribbon is largely employed for trimming both bodice and underskirts of dresses.

The newmarket style of coat promises to be a favorite for promenade dresses.

Ladies are now wearing skunk fur for trimming, and pigskin gloves.

Gold braid will be extensively used by ladies this season as a trimming.

Gloves with gauntlets matching the costume, and stitched with old-gold silks, are introduced.

Broad ribbon around the collar, caught with a broach in front, and reaching to the waist perfectly plain, where it is finished with a neat bow, is preferred by some to lace or ribbon at the throat.

—During the past three days there has been a leak in the water pipe on Spring street between the residences of Mr. George Weaver and Miss Maggie Pruner. The water flows towards town in a large and ever-increasing rivulet. Will it receive the attention of the proper authorities sometime between now and Christmas?

—Major Reynolds is now the possessor of a beautiful team of gray horses. Bonner and Vanderbilt should keep off the tracks.

Smith's German Olio is peculiarly efficacious in cases of chronic rheumatism of long standing.

Miscellaneous.

HUNTINGDON COUNTY, *ss.*

And now, August 23rd, 1883, in compliance with and in obedience to the command contained in the 19th section of the act of Assembly approved August 7, A. D. 1883, entitled "An Act to designate the several Judicial Districts of the Commonwealth as required by the Constitution." It is hereby ordered and decreed that the time for holding the regular terms of the Courts of the counties of Centre and Huntingdon, comprising this (the 49th) Judicial District, shall be as follows:

For the county of Centre. A regular term of the Court of Common Pleas, of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, a Court of Quarter Sessions and an Orphans' Court, shall be begun and holden at the Court House in the borough of Bellefonte, on the 4th Monday of January, April, August and November of each year at 10 o'clock A. M., each of said terms to continue for a period of two weeks.

For the county of Huntingdon. The first regular term of said Courts shall be begun and holden at the Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 2d Monday of December of the present year, to continue for a period of two weeks, to which term all writs now issued or hereafter to be issued shall be made returnable. And hereafter the regular terms of said Courts shall be begun and holden at the said Court House in the borough of Huntingdon, on the 2d Monday of February, April, September and December of each year, at 10 o'clock A. M. Each of said terms to continue for a period of two weeks, for the trial of all cases, issues, charges, prosecutions and indictments which may be by law triable in said Courts. The Jury Commissioners and the Sheriff of the said several counties are directed to draw from the wheel containing the names of jurors a panel of Grand Jurors to the number of twenty-four, to serve as Grand Jurors for the first week of each of said terms, and a panel of Petit and Traverse Jurors to the number of thirty-six to serve as Jurors for the second week of each of said terms, and the Sheriffs of said counties are directed to summon them as directed by law. And for the summoning of the said jurors, the Prothonotaries and Clerks of the said Courts in the respective counties are directed to issue to Sheriff and Jury Commissioners the proper writs of venire as required by law. The Prothonotaries and Clerks of Court of the said counties are directed to make such changes in the headings of the Dockets, and in the return day of any writs heretofore issued, to the next term of Court in the said counties as may be necessary to comply with this order. A copy of this order shall be published in three newspapers published in the county of Huntingdon, and in three newspapers published in the county of Centre for a period of thirty days immediately preceding the holding of the first Court under this order in each of said counties. The Prothonotary of the county of Huntingdon is directed to enter this decree in full upon the Continuance Docket of the Court of Common Pleas of said county and to make out and certify under the seal of Common Pleas a true and correct copy of this decree, to be transmitted to the county of Centre, there to be entered and filed by the Prothonotary of the county of Centre among the records of the Court of Common Pleas. By the Court, JNO. H. ORVIS, P. J.

From the record, August 24, 1883.

Certified by W. H. WILLIAMSON, Prothonotary.

Certified from the records of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, this 17th day of October, A. D. 1883. J. C. HARPER, Prothonotary.

15 42 4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Ann Cathcart, late of Benner township, Centre county.—Letters executory having been granted to the undersigned in the above estate notice is hereby given to all persons having claims to make them known at once, and to those indebted thereto to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

JOSEPH W. MARSHALL, Executor.
Bellefonte, Pa. 16 40 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Erb, late of Ferguson township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against the estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement, and persons owing the estate will please make prompt payment.

15-49-6t D. S. ERB, Administrator.

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AND LADIES!

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Dr. M. F. BARKER'S, CONOIDES are a sure cure for Blind Bleeding or Itching Piles. Thousands have used them with most satisfactory results, after all other treatment had failed. Can be sent by mail. Price $1.00 per box. Circulars sent if requested. Sold only by M. L. HANNA, New Castle, Pa.

15-48 tf

THE SUN,

NEW YORK, 1884.

About sixty million copies of THE SUN have gone out of our establishment during the past twelve months.

If you were to paste end to end all the columns of all THE SUNS printed and sold last year you would get a continuous strip of interesting information, common sense wisdom, sound doctorine, and sane wit long enough to reach from Printing House square to the top of Mount Copernicus in the moon, then back to Printing House square, and then three-quarters of the way back to the moon again.

But THE SUN is written for the inhabitants of the earth; this same strip of intelligence would girdle the globe twenty seven or twenty-eight times.

If every buyer of a copy of THE SUN during the past year has spent only one hour over it, and if his wife or his grandfather has spent another hour, this newspaper in 1883 has afforded the human race thirteen thousand years of steady reading, night and day.

It is only by little calculations like these that you can form any idea of the circulation of the most popular of American newspapers, or of its influnce on the opinions and actions of American men and women.

THE SUN is, and will continue to be, a newspaper which tells the truth without fear of consequences, which gets at the facts no matter what the process costs, which presents the the news of all the world without waste of words and in the most readable shape, which is working with all its heart for the cause of honest government, and which therefore believes that the Republican party must go, and must go in this coming year of our Lord, 1884.

If you know THE SUN, you like it already, and you will read it with accustomed diligence and profit during what is sure to be the most interesting year in history. If you do not yet know THE SUN, it is high time to get into the sunshine.

Terms to Mail Subscribers.

The several editions of THE SUN are sent by mail, postpaid, as follows:

DAILY—50 cents a month, $6 a year; with Sunday edition, $7.

SUNDAY—Eight pages. This edition furnishes the current news of the world, special articles of exceptional interest to everybody, and literary reviews of new books of the highest merit. $1 a year.

WEEKLY—$1 a year. Eight pages of the best matter of the daily issues; an Agricultural Department of unequalled value, special market reports, and literary, scientific, and domestic intelligence make THE WEEKLY SUN the newspaper for the farmer's household. To clubs of ten with $10, an extra copy free.

Address I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,
15-41-6. THE SUN N. Y. City.

Miscellaneous.

Precision in Timekeeping

At no period of our business experience has there been so real or urgent a demand for timekeepers of accuracy and precision, as at the present moment.

The attention of those interested in this subject, and those who have met with dissatisfaction in purchasing many of the so-called high grade watches of the day, is directed to the names of the following first-class makers for whom we are special agents:

H. R. Ekegren, Louis Audemars and Vacheron & Constantin, of Geneva, who are everywhere recognized as the leading makers of Europe.

Our assortment embraces all the varieties of Repeaters. Calendars, Chronographs, Split Seconds and Plain Timers, marked at prices as low, if not lower, than is frequently demanded for inferior watches. Correspondence very respectfully solicited.

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I5 39 3m

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15-45 4t

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15 43 4t

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Honesty, civility, hospitality and good whiskey are what every guest of the Vanderbilt House will find. Situated two miles northwest of the new Shoe City. Rates the lowest.
J. J. DELANEY, Proprietor.
y15-n38-1y

Rather too Long.

After Twenty Years on the Wrong Side of Life a Virginian Turns the Tables.

"How long did you say?"

"Twenty years, I said. Up to the time I mentioned I had suffered from diseased liver for twenty years," said Mr. S. T. Hancock, of Richmond, Va., half-sadly, as though thinking of that dilapidated section of his life. "At times I almost wished it had pleased Providence to omit the liver from the human anatomy."

"Bad enough—twenty years of that sort of thing," responded the listener. "What was the upshot of it?"

"The upshot was that some time ago I went down to Scott's drug store in this city, and bought one of BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS, applied it and was relieved in a few hours, and am now as sound as though my liver were made of India rubber."

Benson's—unlike the old fashioned kind of plasters—act promptly. Look for the word CAPCINE, which is cut in the genuine. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Johnson, Chemists, New York. 15-43-4t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of John Shiffer, deceased.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Shiffer, late of Ferguson township, Centre county Penn'a, deceased, having been granted to Wm. H. Musser, of Millesburg in said county, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

WM. H. MUSSER, Executor.
CLEMENT DALE, Attorney. 15-46-6

LIVE AGENTS WANTED.

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes; or Information for everybody, in every county in the United States and Canada. Enlarged by the publisher to 848 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight. Greatest inducements ever offered to book agents. Sample copies sent by mail, postpaid, for $2.00. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than double their money. Address Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

15 42 7m

Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN. - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

Notice.

We have made arrangements with Mr. Alem B. Steele to again assume the position of solicitor and collector for the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN. He will enter upon the work immediately, and will visit our patrons at Millheim, Spring Mills, Aaronsburg, Woodward, Rebersburg, Madisonburg, Wolf's Store, and some at Centre Hall. We want our friends at these places to make a special effort to be ready to settle their bills.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

—Hurry up with the bridge.

—Avoid swinging signs in windy weather.

—Rev. N. J. Miller, of Lancaster county, is the new pastor of the Rebersburg Reformed church.

—Only think of it! Winter is not here yet, but there has been enough cold weather already for a half-dozen winters.

—The work of filling in the trenches is slow as the earth is frozen so hard as to render it almost impossible to sink a pick to it.

—The Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad will cost $28,000 per mile. It will cost about $2,000 per mile to complete the roadbed for the Spring Mills and Lemont road.

—There will be a Thanksgiving entertainment in the Evangelical church of Millheim on Thanksgiving evening, Nov. 29. Proceeds for the Ladies Aid Society of the church.

—Some of the hydrants from which a half dozen families draw water emit a stream only large enough to fill a small bucket in five minutes. But water taxes continue the same as ever.

—Rev. Geo. Penepacker was afflicted with one of his peculiarly prostrating sick headaches on Sunday morning and was unable to preach. He recovered sufficiently, however, to officiate in the evening.

—It is peculiarly aggravating to ladies who may desire to call on a friend just across the street to be compelled by the open trenches and up-thrown dirt to go around a square or more to reach their destination.

—Governor Curtin, Ed. Blanchard, Esq., and other B. E. V. directors deny the Centre Hall *Reporter's* intimation that the Bald Eagle Railroad Company is opposed to the completion of the Spring Mills and Lemont R. R.

—The *Watchman* last Friday said that Contractor John A. Dunkel is "enjoying" a boil on his neck, and also one on his right cheek. But in the conversation given between the contractor and reporter Mr. D. does not seem to be *enjoying* it at all.

—The *Democrat* has not yet told its readers the truth in regard to the election in New York State. Neither will the *Watchman* do so. The only way the Democrats have of obtaining reliable news is by subscribing for the DAILY NEWS or REPUBLICAN.

—On and after Monday, November 19, there will be no change of cars at Lock Haven for passengers going from Bellefonte to Williamsport. A car which will go all the way through will be attached to all trains. This will be good news to Bellefonters.

—A fine looking calf confined in a strong wooden cage was sent by express, from this station at 5 o'clock p. m. Thursday to Chas. Hewitt, Clay Co., Kansas. The following impressive notice is inscribed on the cage: "I eat and drink. Please supply me."

—That's a somewhat curious use of the word *personnel* in the *Watchman* last week in the local relating to Judge Mayer. His Honor has a fair proportion of brains and a fine *presence*, but the *Watchman* should explain what it means by his *personnel*.

—Thanksgiving day excursion tickets will be sold at all ticket stations on Pennsylvania Railroad, Northern Central Railway, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad and West Jersey Railroad, on November 28 and 29, good for return until December 3.

—Mr. Jonas Stetler, of Port Matilda, was seen skipping about town in an unusually lively manner on Sunday morning, with a smile on his face as broad as a shingle. At first his friends didn't know exactly what to make of it—thought he'd struck a copper mine in his back yard, or found Charlie Ross, or somethig of that sort. But finally the truth came out. It's a boy baby, a lively youngster, and that's what's the matter with Jonas.

"G. A. R."

A Letter Containing Facts not Heretofore Published in Regard to a Well-known Organization.

MR. EDITOR: The Commander in chief of the G. A. R. has a command similar to that of a "division" in the army. The Department (so the order is called in the different states) answers to that of a "brigade," and each Post in each Department is similar to a "regiment." The Commander in chief may be likened to a "major general;" a department commander to a "brigadier;" a post commander to a "colonel;" the S. V. C. to a "lieut. colonel;" the J. V. C. to a "major," and so on.

I cannot now give the exact number of posts in the United States; it is between two thousand and three thousand, however. Commander in chief Vandervoort had an increase during his term of one year (ending July 20, 1883,) of 1566 posts and 89,705 members. This did not include New Jersey, which failed to get in the returns for the June quarter in time to be made up. Posts are formed in all the States and Territories north, and in Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Louisiana, Texas, Tennessee, Arkansas and Florida. Where there are not enough posts to form a Department provisional Departments are formed in two or three States or Territories. Only one post is found outside of the U. S. and that is in Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, and has a membership of 56. There are more "Vets" there, but as they are scattered through the different groups of islands they cannot easily reach the place where the post is located.

The Department of Ohio and the Grand Army in general lost, in the death of General James B. Steedman, one of the grandest and best soldiers and the greatest worker in Grand Army affairs in the State. It was he who issued the famous order when Department commander that gave Ohio the "big boom" in the work. He was one of the greatest of volunteer generals of the late war and was familiarly known as old "Chickamauga," from his re-inforcing with his brigade, at a critical moment, and at his own option, that grand old hero, Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, and thus prevented a disastrous retreat by our own army.

The present head of the G. A. R. is Gen. R. B. Beath as commander in chief, and I. M. Vanderslice Adjutant General, both too well known in Grand Army circles and in private life to need anything now to be said of their ability as the head of the grandest organization in the world. Increasing prosperity under its present management is sure to come.

As it may interest some of your readers, I will give a few Pennsylvania G.A.R. matters. Gen. E. S. Osborne, of Wilkesbarre, is Department Commander and receives from Thos. J. Stewart A. A. G., and H. G. Williams Senior A. D. O., and in fact all his staff the ablest assistance in the work, and you may be sure that with such help Pennsylvania is not going to be behind in anything. The headquarters are 1202 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, for National and Department. All persons are cordially welcome when they call.

On the 24th of October 1883, the Department of Pennsylvania G. A. R. had in it 391 posts. On the 27th day of December, 1882, No. 298 was mustered at Belleville Mifflin county. Notice the increase in that time. Not one has dropped out of line; all are in active operation. Of the 67 counties in the State 65 have within their borders posts of the G. A. R. The exceptions are, I believe, Pike in the extreme eastern and Fulton in the southern border of the State. About the only towns of good size in the State having no posts are McConnelsburg, Fulton county, Mechanicsburg and Newville, Cumberland county, Littlestown, Adams county, Mercersburg Franklin county, and Annville and Myerstown, Lebanon county. Efforts are now being made for the organization of one in Mechanicsburg.

Philadelphia city and county heads the list in numbers and in excellence of all that pertains to Grand Army work in the U. S. Pittsburg and Allegheny county follow fast on the heels of Philadelphia. Below we give a list of the counties with the number of posts they contain:

Philadelphia City and Co. 54,	Potter 5,
Pittsburg and Allegheny Co. 28,	Venango 5,
Schuylkill 15,	Wyoming 5,
Bradford 14,	Wayne 5,
Luzerne 12,	Sommerset 5,
Centre 11,	Blair 4,
Tioga 11,	Carbon 4,
Crawford 10,	Beaver 4,
Westmoreland 10,	Lehigh 4,
Chester 9,	Franklin 4,
Armstrong 9,	Northampton 4
Erie 9,	Snyder 4,
Clarion 9,	Warren 4,
Susquehanna	Delaware 3,
Fayette 8,	Columbia 3,
Dauphin 8,	Perry 3,
Mercer 8,	Clinton 3,
Northumberla	Berks 2,
York 7,	Cambria 2,
Washington	Union 2,
Lackawanna	Juniata 2,
Clearfield 6,	Mifflin 2,
Lycoming 6,	Lawrence 2,
McKean 6,	Elk 2,
Bedford 6,	Greene 2,
Indiana 5,	Lebanon 1,
Montgomery 5.	Monteur 1,
Butler 5,	Adams 1,
Jefferson 5,	Monroe 1,
Huntingdon 5,	Cumberland 1.
Lancaster 5,	Cameron 1,
Bucks 5,	Forest 1,
Sullivan 1.	

No. 35, of Philadelphia, is called the "Cavalry" Post. None but those who served in that arm of the service can join it. A post to be composed exclusively of those who served in the Navy is now nearly organized and will be mustered in Philadelphia December 1, 1883, and will be numbered 400.

A. C.

One of the Unwritten Chapters of the War.

There was an incident of considerable importance which came to our notice on Monday, the 12th, which we would have given to our readers at the time, but for the hope that we would be able to glean fuller particulars concerning it. On the Saturday previous, Rev. Mr. Pomeroy, of Mt. Union, Pa., arrived in Bellefonte to renew his acquaintance with his former school friends, Rev. William Laurie and J. Fearon Mann. On Saturday evening he called on ex-Governor Curtin and acquainted him with the fact that he had performed a very important service for the Governor and for the people of the State during the war. When the Rebel forces were concentrating at Gettysburg the fact was unknown to the Governor, but Rev. Mr. Pomeroy, who was then in Chambersburg, knew that it was very important that the Governor should be apprised of it at once. With a dispatch sewed securely in the waistband of his trousers he leaped on horseback and sped away towards the north. He was pursued by the Rebels, but he escaped into the woods. After riding fifteen miles he secured another horse and continued on his important journey. When another fifteen miles had been passed he again secured a fresh horse and at length reached Port Royal, or Perrysville, Juniata county. At that point the precious dispatch was telegraphed to Harrisburg. Of course, no name was signed to it, but it was believed by the Governor and acted upon with the results already known. The Governor had often unsuccessfully sought to discover who performed this signal service, and never knew until Saturday evening, Nov. 17. It may be imagined that the conversation between Gov. Curtin and Rev. Pomeroy was entertaining in the extreme.

Cold Weather.

When the mercury begins to sink lower and lower into the cold depths of the thermometer, as it did last Friday morning, it possesses many and indefinable charms to the small boy. When it is accompanied, as it was the same morning, by blinding gusts of snow, it is doubly suggestive and exhilerating in its effects. It reminds that boy that only by activity can he keep warm, and he jumps higher than he ever did before, kicks his heels together, shouts at the top of his voice and rushes away to school.

Then Christmas, the time that he loves better than any other in the year, seems to him so much nearer under such circumstances. He can almost see Santa Claus, and the assurance that that jolly individual has plenty of presents for him becomes doubly real. The ice clinging to the shores of the mill pond and the snow whitening the hillside conveys such suggestions of fun with skates and sled that it is altogether impossible for him to keep still.

They color and brighten his dreams at night, they give him health and vivacity. Winter is to him a season of real benefit, and if the present cold snap changes to summer mildness his spirits will be correspondingly depressed.

Railroad News—Two Lines of Railroad and a Depot to be Built.

We are rejoiced to be able to inform our readers that at a meeting of directors of the Bald Eagle Valley railroad in Philadelphia on Thursday afternoon very important measures were taken. The subject of the Bellefonte, Nittany and Lemont railroad was introduced and it was determined to build that road as soon as possible. It was also determined to finish the road from Spring Mills to Lemont, thus completing the line from Bellefonte to Spring Mills. At the same meeting it was determined to erect the new depot building at this place as soon as the weather will permit. Judge John Irwin, who returned from Philadelphia next morning, brought the cheering news contained in the above announcement. The determination to accomplish the work outlined above may now be considered as final, and parties who are interested can congratulate themselves that the fruition of their hopes is almost realized.

—A very promising religious revival is in progress at Valentines iron works. Rev. Mattern officiates at the services and his energetic efforts are greatly benefiting all who attend.

[Communicated.]

A CATASTROPHE AVERTED.

A Great Conflagration in Unionville Prevented by the Heroism of her Bucket Brigade.

An entertaining description by an eye-witness.

Never in the history of Unionville did its destruction by fire seem so imminent as on Tuesday night of last week. About 10 o'clock p. m., as the business of the day was just closed and the citizens were fast retiring for the night, the cry of fire was heard from Ed. Barton, whose little daughter was the first to see it and give the alarm. The cry was soon taken up and extended through town. The great light which suddenly sprang up left no doubt as to the location of the fire. The steam tannery formerly owned by C. Buck but recently purchased by B. F. Leathers & Son, was being rapidly enveloped in a sheet of flame which was seen coming from the roof on the west side and directly over the bark mill. A desperate effort was now made by B. F. Leathers and A. T. Leathers to save the bark sheds containing 400 cords of bark, by breaking down the bridge which connected them with the tannery, but failed after blistering their faces and hands in the heat. A fierce tornado was blowing from the commencement and in a few moments this valuable amount of bark was in the embrace of the fire fiend. The scene now became terrifying and beggars description. The fire being on north west side of the town and the fierce wind coming in that direction carried such a storm of fire as was never before witnessed by the people of Unionville.

Burning shingles, cinders and sparks were carried on the wings of the wind and rolled over the roofs of buildings as thick as snow flakes in the great snow storm we had a few days ago. Everything being dry not less than thirteen buildings were on fire at once. We thought of the recent sweeping fire in the town of Shenandoah and the general exclamation was "What can save our homes." The only thing we had to look to was the "Bucket Brigade," which indeed proved equal to the emergency. It had been drilled on one or two other occasions, but never put to such a test as now.

Men and women appeared on the roofs of houses as if by magic. Where there were no openings at the top shingles were freely knocked off and heads appeared simultaneously. One lady over 70 years old was seen traveling over her roof dispensing the water freely. Thus was the fire fiend met and conquered.

Too much praise cannot be given to the different commanders for generalship displayed. To mention any particular names would be injustice to the rest as there is scarcely a member of the Brigade that is not worthy of a Brigadier's Star.

However, we might mention one or two, viz: Ben Rich and Jack Griest, whose serene countenances and aldermanic appearances at the front did much to inspire confidence. They were not the least bit excited, especially the latter.

We also noticed our worthy townsman and landlord, A. J. St. Clair, who sat astride his hotel roof facing the red glare of the forked flames as they leaped up and outward, with as much composure as he sat upon his cavalry charger in the many encounters he had with the Rebs during his four years service.

W. C. V.

—Mr. David Burrell, a pleasant gentleman from Spring Mills, arrived in Bellefonte early on Monday and dispensed his agreeable presence among his friends greatly to their edification. He is among those who are pleased at the prospect of the completion of the new railroads which will put us in more direct intercourse with our Spring Mills neighbors. It will be much more satisfactory when the inhabitants of the latter place are compelled to attend court as jurors as the trip to Bellefonte can be accomplished so much more expeditiously. We entirely agree with Mr. B., and mildly suggest that when the iron horse propels the mails between these ancient burgs we shall expect him and his neighbors to order the DAILY NEWS.

—We were pleased last Monday to meet our good-looking Philipsburg friend, Mr. J. H. Crissman. Much as we were pleased to meet him, we regretted the occasion which called him hither, the illness of his wife, who is now the guest of her relatives in this place, the family of Mr. Geo. Weaver.

—There is a case of small pox in Altoona. We're almost inclined to believe that these confounded physicians manage to work up a corner in small pox every winter for the purpose of increasing the vaccination boom. As the disease is so close in occulation will be the order of the day among Bellefonters.

Personal Pencilings.

Editor Kurtz, of Centre Hall, is in town to-day.

Rev. Prof. D. M. Wolf is visiting the rural schools.

Mrs. Chas. McCafferty has returned from Philadelphia.

Dr. Geo. S. Frank has removed from Spring Mills to Rebersburg.

Mr. Clarence Cook and family, of Howard, have removed to Eagleville.

Capt. Waldo C. VanValin, a genial and military citizen of Unionville, was in town on Monday.

Mr. Samuel Kreamer, of Illinois, is visiting among his relatives and friends in Haines township.

Col. D. G. Bush displayed his autograph on the register at the Park Hotel, Williamsport, on Thursday.

Mrs. Rosie Mitchell, of Howard, is a guest at the residence of her brother, Mr. John W. Cook, of this place.

Mr. Samuel Brooks, of Boiling Springs, who has been spending the past summer in Kansas, has returned home and will probably remain during the winter.

Miss Bessie Boal, the amiable and accomplished daughter of J. Shannon Boal, of Linden Hall, is now visiting her numerous friends at Tyrone and Newry in Blair County.

Mr. Frank Dale, who has been studying medicine in Philadelphia, and whose visit at his home near Pleasant Gap we recorded recently, is, we regret to state, quite ill with inflammatory rheumatism. We hope to hear of his speedy recovery.

Mrs. Deborah Ingram, of Kansas, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Mapes, of North Carolina, is a guest at the home of her relative, Mrs. Williams, of Howard street. She has a large number of acquaintances throughout the county and expects to prolong her visit in this vicinity for some time.

Mrs. Hoover, the mother of Messrs. O. and A. Hoover, of this place, and her charming daughter, Miss Belle, left on Monday for Orlando, Florida, where they will spend the winter. They were accompanied as far as Philadelphia by Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Hoover. Mrs. Hoover and her daughter have been such prominent members of Bellefonte society that their departure will be sincerely regretted by a large circle of friends.

Miss Sarah Bradley, one of the young ladies who officiates so gracefully and satisfactorily in the Telephone Exchange, has, we regret to state almost entirely lost the use of her voice and can articulate only in the faintest whisper. As Miss Bradley's voice is of more than ordinary importance not only to herself but also to the public as a telephonist and a charming vocalist it is hoped that the difficulty that now silences her vocal organs will be but temporary.

Dr. S. H. Wollerton and his brother, Fred, of West Chester, Pa., the former a very promising young physician and the latter assistant cashier in one of the National Banks of West Chester, Pa., (of which bank their father is President) departed from Bellefonte at ten o'clock a. m., on Tuesday, the 13th, after a brief visit with their relatives, Major H. H. Benner and his sisters. They proceeded from here to Lock Haven, where they also visited relatives and friends. Their relatives here would be pleased to see them come again and hope that they will decide to remain longer next time.

—The very welcome information comes from Houtzdale that on the evening of Friday, Nov. 16, Major Walter W. Bayard of Div. of Pa. S. of V., who now resides in that place successfully mustered what will be known as Edward E. Miller Camp. The name given to the new camp was that of a brave soldier who was a prominent member of the G. A. R., in Houtzdale, but who has fought his last earthly battle and received the commendation, "Well done; come up higher." We are pleased to know that Walter's interest in military matters is making him so useful in arousing enthusiasm among the young men in Houtzdale. The camp is said to be one of the most promising ever mustered.

Funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Beck.

We clip the following notice regarding the death of a Centre county lady from the Tyrone correspondence of the Altoona *Tribune* of Friday morning:

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Beck, of Half Moon, Centre county, wife of the late Daniel Beck, who died on Tuesday night last, took place yesterday. Deceased was upwards of 70 years of age, and leaves six children, besides a number of grand-children, to mourn her death. She was an aunt of Mrs. S. M. Cox, of Antis township, also of Mrs. Henry Myers, of this place.

—The *Centre Democrat* neglected to inform its readers that there was a $7,000 fire in Unionville on Tuesday evening.

Was He Murdered?

The Williamsport *Banner* says that the people of Bastress township, are greatly excited over the sudden disappearance of Augustus Luxenberger. The general supposition is that he was murdered. The missing man was running a lumber camp near Summit Station on the Pine Creek railway. On Saturday, November 3, he left his camp and started for the lumber office of John Agler, which is also near the Summit and for whom he was lumbering. Luxenberger was at Agler's office towards dusk on Saturday, November 3, and drew $300 in money to pay his men. He left the office and has not been seen since. He has over a thousand dollars invested in horses, wagons, etc., at his lumber camp and was furthermore doing a very paying business.

—Among the Bellefonte Democrats who keep themselves informed in regard to the prevailing status of political affairs ex-Burgess A. Sternburg shines pre-eminent. He has already fixed up a county ticket for his party next year and has arranged for the Bellefonte Democrats to do effectual work in the National contest. With this object in view he will dispatch Miles Walker to Ohio to keep that State down and will send D. G. Bush, Esq., to New York State. Just who he will give the mission to Indiana doth not appear, but he will see that the Hoosier state is attended to in a proper manner. He himself expects to remain at home to roll up a majority in Centre county. This intelligence will, we know, infuse new hopes among the despondent Democracy of old Centre.

The Difference.

There was a man in Bellefonte the other day who never heard of Luther.—*Republican.*

That identical man went to the polls two days thereafter, and voted the Republican ticket, saying he never knew there were two parties.—*Centre Hall Reporter.*

Wrong again. The man was a Mississippi Democrat and he said he was going to vote for Andrew Jackson.

Knarr—Danberman.

One of the finest wedding ceremonies which has occurred in the vicinity of Centre Hill for a long time was that which solemnized the union of Mr. Chas E. Knarr and Miss Laura M. Danberman on Wednesday, November 7, at 12 o'clock noon. Rev. George Hunter, of Lewisburg officiated. About 86 guests were present. Congratulations.

—Hon. L. A. Mackey, of Lock Haven, was in Bellefonte on Saturday and in company with Edmund Blanchard, Esq., traveled over the route of the Bellefonte and Lemont railroad. These gentlemen are quite sure that not only the Lement railroad but also the connection to Spring Mills will be built immediately.

—The Junior O. U. A. M. of this place are making arrangements to visit Tyrone on Thanksgiving day. They will be accompanied by one of Centre county's first-class bands and expect to have a fine time. The Order is prospering remarkably of late in Bellefonte.

—A casting of steel was made at the steel works on Friday, but was not quite so satisfactory as those that had preceded it, because of an attempt to cast in wooden moulds. A Mr. Howe, who inspected the operation, contemplates purchasing the plant in this place.

—The season for church fairs and candy parties is almost at hand.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, November 19, 1883.

Wheat—No. 1, per bushel	$1 00
Wheat—No. 2,	1 0
Wheat—No. 3,	0
Buckwheat	75
Rye per bushel	60
Corn (shelled)	60
Oats	35
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4 50 to $5 00
do prime to extra prime	
do choice	
Flour, retail, per barrel	6 50
Flour, wholesale	5 50

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$12 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	8 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	10 00
Short straw per ton	6 00@ 8 00

Provision Market.

Corrected by Valentines Store Co., "Limited."

Apples, dried, per pound	10
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	20
Beans per quart	5
Fresh butter per pound	25
Chickens per piece	25
Cheese per pound	14 to 18
Country hams per pound	14
Hams, sugar cured	18
Country Bacon	13
Lard per pound	12½
Eggs per doz	20
Potatoes, per bushel, new	50
Dried beef	25
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	20
Canned tomatoes per can	10—12½—15
Canned corn "	10—12½—15
Lemons per doz	25
Dried sweet corn per pound	07

MARRIED.

LOSE—STEWART.—On the 8th inst., at the Lutheran parsonage, Rebersburg, Pa., by Rev. A. K. Zimmerman, Mr. Isaac Lose, Jr. and Miss Lizzie Stewart, both of Bellefonte.

DIED.

STUMP.—On the 7th of November, near Centre Hall, Mr. Reuben Stump, aged 47 years, 8 months and 17 days.